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FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,

A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug-Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3 50 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, JR., Business Mang'r

BOARDERS WANTED.

I have taken charge of the Overbaugh House, roomy and centrally located in the business section of the city, and can furnish table board and lodging by the day week and month for a limited number.
MRS. H. P. DAVIS.
April 8-2tawtf

For Sale or Rent.

The Worth Residence on Haymount, offered for sale or rent. Apply to
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
Jan. 28, 1898.

TABLE CUTLERY,

Pocket Knives and Scissors,

Of good quality of steel at

WATSON'S

HARDWARE HOUSE.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in North Carolina. Monthly $65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. R. Chicago

The Message of McKinley.

Will say, don't let your store of Rice's Goose Grease fall into the hands of the Spaniards, as it is a grand remedy for such a race. It cures every time.—Adv't.

THERE IS NO INTERFERENCE

An esteemed contemporary likens the advice of Mr. Bryan and Chairman Jones to North Carolina Democrats to "foreign intervention," or the dictation of the "Powers" to the United States in its relation to Spain. Rather, we should say, the action of Messrs. Bryan and Jones is like that of the Federal government in calling upon the States to furnish their quota of troops to do battle in a war which the Federal government is waging. In fact, the two things are of precisely the same character. If there had been any doubt on that point heretofore, the action of the State committee, at its recent meeting, in declaring that the Democratic party is a national party and the party in North Carolina a part of it, settles the matter.

There has been no interference. Messrs. Bryan and Jones would have been faithless to their duty if they had failed to give the party in this and other States the benefit of their larger vision. We do not defy the Federal government when it calls for troops to go beyond our borders. Nor may we justly object to the leadership, in matters concerning national party policy, of our national leaders. They say nothing about our State affairs, but, to the patriotic North Carolinian, it certainly ought not to be an objection to their advice that its adoption would also restore our home government to the control of Vance's followers.

CURRENT COMMENT.

It is important to bear in mind that if we fuse with the Clevelandites instead of co operating with the silver Populists, we shall have to "let up" on the bad acts of the last legislature; for it was the Clevelandites who applauded the election of Pritchard, while the silver Populists favored his defeat and also opposed most of the bad legislation enacted by that body.

Judge Avery on the Situation.

In a recent interview with the correspondent of the Charlotte Observer Judge Avery is thus quoted:

"Judge Avery says that there are newspapers in North Carolina masquerading as in favor of silver, when at heart they are not. By such agencies he thinks prejudice against Populists has been fomented in order to injure the silver cause. Judge Avery says that the plain country people are in favor of an arrangement with the Populists, and that they think it foolish to throw away six Democratic judges, who might be elected by fusion, and allow the election of Republicans. He says that if the Democratic State convention, May 26th, represents the sentiments of the plain people, it will accept the Populists' offer. He says that many of these people will be estranged from the Democratic party, if fusion is not effected. Speaking of the gold Democrats who would refuse to support such fusion, he says that if they leave us on this account in 1898, we may know that they would do so in 1900, when, if silver is to triumph, there must be fusion. Judge Avery says that those who are opposed to fusion are blinded by their prejudices to the good of the party. He believes that without fusion in State and nation there is no hope for the Democratic party and its cardinal doctrines in which the Populists also believe.

Death of Dr. D McL. Graham.

We are grieved to learn of the death of Dr. Daniel McLean Graham. Says yesterday's Wilmington Star:

"The Star learns with sincere regret of the death of Dr. D. McL. Graham, which occurred at his home, near Wallace, Duplin county, yesterday afternoon. For nearly forty years the writer had known Dr. Graham intimately and admired him for his sterling worth. His heart was truly 'in the right place.' A patriot in war, a christian, and a gentleman in peace, he has 'passed over the river,' leaving behind him as a heritage to his family and his friends the record of a life spent in love and charity to all the world."

This writer most heartily agrees, as he has good reason to do, with the Star in its estimate of Dr. Graham. A better man never lived. Many an old soldier of the Confederacy, when he sees this announcement, will recall with gratitude the skill with which this true son of Æsculapius treated him when sick or wounded, and the tender solicitude with which he supplemented his skill. He belonged to a class of men, not uncommon a generation ago, whom the present struggle of life seems to have driven from the public view, at least.

Dr. Graham was a son of the late Mr. Archibald Graham of this town. Professor Alexander Graham and Mr. Archibald Graham, of Charlotte, and Prof. John Graham, of Ridgeway, are his brothers.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons, Druggists.

A little boy asked for a bottle of "get up in the morning as fast as you can," the druggist recognized a household name for "DeWitt's Little Early Risers," and gave him a bottle of those famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, liver and stomach troubles. King Bros.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. In use for over thirty years.

Bryan and Jones to Colorado Democrats.

The situation in Colorado is in some important respects like that in North Carolina, and Mr. Bryan and Chairman Jones have written to Democrats in the former State letters which will inspire true Democrats everywhere to take a broad view of their duty, and which we subjoin:

MR. BRYAN'S LETTER.

FAYETTE, MO., March 20, 1898.
Hon. C. S. Thomas,
Denver, Colo.,

DEAR MR. THOMAS:—I have not had time to write you since the three addresses were issued by Senators Jones and Butler and ex Congressman Towne, but avail myself of a moment's leisure today to say that so far as I have been able to learn, the position taken by the three national committees is quite generally indorsed by the rank and file of the three parties. If there is any opposition anywhere it will manifest itself in those states where the silver sentiment is so strong that one faction may hope to control the local offices by defeating the other faction.

To some it may seem immaterial whether our forces win by united action or one wins over the others, but it seems to me that a survey of the whole country ought to convince any impartial friend of bimetallism that divisions now weaken us for the battle of 1900. Where the parties agree upon the paramount issues, but have different tickets, the contest is likely to arouse partisanship and personal feeling which will make future co operation difficult.

Co operation requires some sacrifices upon the part of parties and individuals, but certainly some sacrifices may be reasonably expected from those who believe that the gold standard would ultimately entail upon the human race "more misery than all the wars, pestilences and famines of the past." In the presence of a conspiracy such as we have to meet, all minor differences should be forgotten and all guns turned toward the common enemy. "Divide and conquer" is the motto of our enemies; it has always been the motto of the shrewd and well organized few. The privileged classes are necessarily in a minority, but they have won many victories by stirring up dissensions among the many who desire equal rights to all. Where the gold democrats are numerically strong they will insist upon ignoring the Chicago platform, but where they are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform. I am confident that the friends of bimetallism will be earnest enough to put the triumph of the cause above every personal ambition and above any mere temporary party triumph. Our people should remember the parable of the good Samaritan. The neighbor—although of a different party name—who gives aid in the hour of danger and distress is the real friend and more to be considered than the enemy who makes the attack or the pretended friends who refuse assistance.

I find our platform growing stronger all the time, and have no doubt of silver's triumph in 1900 if our forces will stand together.

Yours truly,
W. J. BRYAN.

CHAIRMAN JONES' LETTER.

Democratic National Committee,
Office of the Chairman.
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19, 1898.
Hon. Caldwell Yeaman,
Denver, Col.:

MY DEAR JUDGE—I am very much disturbed to see by the papers that an informal meeting of a number of Democrats of Denver, among whom I notice your name, adopted a resolution "refusing absolutely to combine or fuse with any other party in the State." You are aware that the Republican central committee and their goldbug Democratic allies—Fairchild's committee—have been distributing documents, papers and pamphlets all over the country since the election of 1896; that they are organizing their followers everywhere; that chambers of commerce are actively at work now in their behalf, and that it is absolutely necessary that we should be organizing for 1900 by all means within our reach. In fact, I regard the approaching struggle as the skirmish line of 1900. To win in that election it is necessary that we have the hearty co operation of all classes of bimetallists in the country. Without this I see no chance for success. Hence, I issued an address, copy of which I enclose, some time since, which was unanimously endorsed by the democratic congressional campaign committee. I believe this policy to be absolutely essential to success in 1900, and I confess my deep regret at seeing a disposition among Colorado Democrats to take the opposite course and drive from us exactly that class of men who must come with us to make success possible. We cannot take the ground that we can drive thousands of men off in Colorado and receive their assistance in States where it is absolutely necessary to have them to win, because the course pursued in one part of the country will be felt all over the country. No State has a greater interest in the success of bimetallism than Colorado, and it seems to me that the Democratic party of that State should have as deep an interest in the success of bimetallism in 1900 as to be willing to bring about the best possible state of feeling among all classes of bimetallists. Grant, for the sake of argument, that you can make a decided partisan success in your State by pursuing the course indicated in the newspapers as being laid out by the meeting to which I referred, that will certainly not compensate for the losses which we will sustain in other States as the result of this action, and which will probably cost us the Presidency.

I know your high standing, your deserved popularity and influence among our people. I sincerely hope that you will think calmly and deliberately over this matter and that you may see your way clear to join in the movement which we all believe to be absolutely essential to success, and try to bring into hearty co-operation all classes of bimetallists. I believe that the chief hope of the Republicans for success in 1900 is in preventing co operation among bimetallists, and that our chief reliance for success is in cordial and earnest co operation. If we have this co operation it must be in every State; it must be general to be effective.

Very sincerely yours,
JAMES K. JONES,
Chairman.

Does England Turn to Spain?

The Washington Post contains this:

LONDON, April 28.—The trend of English sentiment toward Spain is becoming so pronounced as to be a generally recognized fact. All resident Americans, even American diplomats, are compelled to admit it. Although the government's friendly attitude is unchanged, it is questioned whether a majority in Parliament is not now Spanish in its sympathies, although a week ago, practically unanimous partisans of the United States.

A straw indicating the direction of the wind is shown at a popular music hall in London, where nightly pictures of the American and Spanish warships are shown by the kinetoscope. The American ships are only moderately applauded, the Spanish most enthusiastically.

The expected fight off Manilla is waited in England with the greatest interest, first, because it may have considerable political significance, and second, because it is the first instance of a modern squadron fighting so far from a well-equipped base.

The effects of the war continue to be felt in Europe, in the rise of prices of various commodities.

Sampson's Kindly Act.

A despatch from the flagship New York says:

Lieutenant Del Pino, of the Spanish infantry, and his orderly, who were captured by the gunboat Wilmington on board a small schooner bound for Matanzas, were put on shore at Santa Cruz, twenty-four miles from Havana, by the United States scout boat Algonquin, formerly the steamer Eltoro. The lieutenant was on furlough and was going to see his wife and infant child. The child was born last Friday and the father had not seen it. Under the circumstances Rear Admiral Sampson decided to let the Spanish officer and his orderly go (under parole.) The Algonquin, commanded by Ensign Crosley, flying a flag of truce, steamed into the Santa Cruz inlet. The small craft was closely watched through glasses on board the New York, which was lying only a few miles off. A few persons were seen to gather near the small fortifications of Santa Cruz as the Algonquin approached. The latter performed her mission safely and, apparently, without incident. She then returned to Key West.

The State Troops.

Governor Russell last week appointed Col. J. F. Armfield, of the Fourth regiment, colonel of the regiment that mobilizes Monday. The salary is $3,500. For several years Col. Armfield has been colonel of the Fourth Regiment North Carolina National Guard.

In addition to two regiments of infantry, it has been decided by the Governor to form a battalion of infantry of five companies, composed of colored troops. This will be the colored representation in the troops, and they will be mobilized at either Wilmington or Southport.

The twelve companies summoned to assemble in Raleigh are:

No. 1, Company C, First Regiment, Raleigh.

No. 2, Company G, Second Regiment, Charlotte.

No. 3, Company D, Third Regiment, Durham.

No. 4, Company E, Fourth Regiment, Charlotte.

No. 5, Company C, Fourth Regiment, Waynesville.

No. 6, Company D, Third Regiment, Reidsville.

No. 7, Company I, Third Regiment, Reidsville.

No. 8, Company H, First Regiment, Greenville.

No. 9, Company A, Fourth Regiment, Statesville.

No. 10, Company F, Fourth Regiment, Asheville.

No. 11, Company G, Fourth Regiment, Concord.

No. 12, Company H, Fourth Regiment, Shelby.

The Solace.

The Solace is the name of the magnificent war hospital ship, of which Mr. Alfred McKethan, of this city, is one of the officers. The Baltimore Sun of recent date, says:

The steal steamer Creole, of the Cromwell line, is rapidly being transformed into a floating hospital, for use in warfare. She will be re named Solace.

Its hull has been painted white, with a wide strip of green along the side, which makes a striking contrast, says the New York Herald, to the frowning aspect presented by the men-of-war lying at the piers of the Newport News Ship & Engine Building Company.

The Solace is a 3,800 ton ship, with a speed of 17 knots, which will enable it to keep close to the American fleets on any expedition against the enemy. The Red Cross will protect it from menace. There is not a thing about the Solace to provoke attack on the part of the ships of any civilized nation.

Such comforts as are to be found in a well equipped hospital on land are present in this hospital of the seas.

Two large steam launches form a part of the equipment of the Solace, and whenever there is opportunity, they will dash around among the war-ships of the fleet, to remove such of the wounded as cannot be properly cared for in the sick bay, and carry them to the hospital ship. Of necessity this transferring would have to be done after an engagement has ended.

Wounded officers and sailors will be lifted from the launches to the deck of the Solace by a cable and tackle forward. Once on deck they can quickly be taken into the operating room.

A corps of trained men nurses from New York will accompany the ship. It has not been learned here who the commander of the Solace is to be. Lieutenant J. W. Stewart is to be the executive officer, and Ensign A. A. McKethan will be the senior watch officer.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to-day.* Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

RANDOM REMARKS.

BY SHAWEN.

A CURSORY VIEW.—This is a day when moralizing pencilers haven't much to say. They made the most of the occasion while argument lasted, but their occupation's gone—for a while at least. Some of them will probably enlist and others will go to reading the news from the front, commending this movement and condemning that, as wiseacres do. And thus men play their varied parts in the great problems of the world, each a greater or lesser fraction in the common multiple.

Our army has had quite a jolly time of it for some years, the officers going to banquets, on occasions, and the men pursuing the diversions of camp life. Our sailors have had years of pleasant voyaging in pleasant seas, and have reveled in the proffered enjoyments of friendly ports. Many have been the jeers against these armed and uniformed ranks of idlers, so to speak, who seemed to play the part of mockery in the activities of life. But the jeerers are now among the cheerers. They arise from their rest betimes and make haste to the wharves and railway stations to see the country's defenders embark and to inhale a breath of the crisp air of war. "What a fine set of fellows," the onlookers exclaim, "how brave they look!" Huzzas fill the air. And as they depart, some grave moralizer mutters: "I wonder how many will ever return?" No more banquets, now; no flowers from fair admirers, no gleaming guns and polished decks on untried ships, but the grime and soot and foul smells of war. Horrors will displace all trace of ease, and death will reign the king of the grim carnival. Liberty must be bought with a price. Nor can it be swallowed up in selfishness, but must go out in vigorous assistance against the tyrant. No alien's atrocities must prevail in this western hemisphere. So our venture against the Spanish is afoot, and Samuel, our uncle, will prove a stern schoolmaster to his refractory foe.

Mr. Kitchen's Revenue Bill

Mr. Kitchen introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed.

A BILL

To prevent increased burdens of taxation on the people and to provide means for the support of the Government in the war with Spain, and for the coinage of silver.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and directed, as the exigencies of the public service require the payment of the Army and Navy and other creditors of the Government, to issue on the credit of the United States the sum of five hundred millions of dollars of United States notes, in such form as he may deem expedient, not bearing interest, payable to bearer, and of such denominations, not less than one dollar, as he may prescribe, which notes so issued shall be lawful money and a legal tender in payment of all debts and dues, public and private, within the United States; and any of said notes when received by the Treasury shall be reissued as the public service may require. And when any of said notes may be redeemed, as hereinafter provided, they shall not be retired, canceled, or destroyed, but shall be reissued, paid out again, and kept in circulation. The said notes shall be redeemed by the Secretary of the Treasury in coin, on their presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the United States when redeemable, as hereinafter provided. The said notes herein authorized shall be divided into ten classes of fifty millions of dollars each, to be known as class A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and J, respectively, and the notes of the several classes shall be so marked or engraved as to distinctly show the class to which each note belongs, and the notes in the several classes A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and J, shall be redeemable only in the years nineteen hundred, nineteen one, nineteen hundred and two nineteen hundred and three, nineteen hundred four, nineteen hundred five, nineteen hundred and six, nineteen hundred and seven, nineteen hundred and eight, nineteen hundred and nine, respectively, and in every tenth year thereafter, respectively.

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be coined at the several mints of the United States, without delay, for the Government, all the silver bullion or seigniorage belonging to the United States into silver dollars of the weight of four hundred and twelve and one-half grains of standard silver, as provided in the Act of January eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, on which shall be the devices and superscriptions provided in said Act, which coins, together with the standard silver dollars now in circulation, shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private.

Sec. 3. That the proper officers of the several mints of the United States are hereby authorized and directed to receive silver bullion from the holders thereof when offered for coinage, and to coin the same for the benefit of said holders into such silver dollars as are provided for in section two of this Act, upon the same terms and conditions on which said officers now receive and coin gold bullion for the benefit of its holders; and the silver dollars so coined shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Tex., has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchits and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Sons Drug Store. Regular size 50cts, and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles.
King Bros.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PINEHURST ITEMS.

Lovely weather.

Rev. Mr. Gregory held an Episcopal service in the Village Hall last Sunday afternoon.

R. L. Burns and H. F. Seawell, of Carthage, registered at the Inn last Sunday.

The hop in the music room last Saturday evening under the management of Mr. Jenney was well attended.

W. E. Murchison, of Jonesboro, N. C., arrived at the Holly Inn on Saturday.

Hon. W. A. Guthrie, of Durham, N. C., is a guest at the Inn.

Mrs. Hoffa, of South Africa, who spent the past winter here with her brother, Mr. Otto Katzenstein, has started on her return to her distant home.

Rev. R. B. Tobey and family, of Boston, who have spent the entire winter here, returned to their northern home last Wednesday. His departure is very much regretted by all our people and we hope that another season will see him and his among us again.

A. M. Scott, of Old Point Comfort, Va., is a recent arrival at the Inn.

Base Ball is now all the rage.

The concert at the Holly Inn last Sabbath evening was well attended. The orchestra rendered some very fine selections, and Mrs. M. B. Swift, of Boston, entertained the company with several vocal solos, which were greatly appreciated.

Prof. J. T. Ellmwood and wife, who have occupied a suite in the "Dartmouth" during the season, started for their home in Cottage City, Mass. They will be greatly missed by their many friends.

The Casino will close next Sunday and the Holly Inn will run a few days longer.
SOUTHERN GIRL.

Quotas of the States.

Alabama, two regiments of infantry and one battery.
Arkansas, two regiments of infantry.
California, two regiments of infantry, two battalions and four heavy batteries.
Colorado, one regiment of infantry and one light battery.
Connecticut, one regiment of infantry, one light battery and two heavy batteries.
Delaware, one regiment of infantry.
Florida, one regiment of infantry.
Georgia, two regiments of infantry and two light batteries.
Illinois, seven regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry.
Indiana, four regiments of infantry and two light batteries.
Iowa, three regiments of infantry and two light batteries.
Kansas, three regiments of infantry.
Kentucky, three regiments of infantry and two troops of cavalry.
Louisiana, two regiments of infantry.
Maine, one regiment of infantry and one heavy battery.
Maryland, one regiment of infantry and four heavy batteries.
Massachusetts, four regiments of infantry and three heavy batteries.
Michigan, four regiments of infantry.
Minnesota, three regiments of infantry.
Mississippi, two regiments of infantry and one light battery.
Montana, one regiment of infantry.
Nebraska, two regiments of infantry.
New Hampshire, one regiment of infantry.
New Jersey, three regiments, of infantry.
New York, 12 of infantry and two troops of cavalry.
North Carolina, two regiments of infantry and one heavy battery.
Ohio, six regiments of infantry, four light batteries and two squadrons of cavalry.
Oregon, one regiment of infantry.
Pennsylvania, ten regiments of infantry and four heavy batteries.
Rhode Island, one regiment of infantry.
South Carolina, one regiment of infantry, one battalion and one heavy battery.
Tennessee, three regiments of infantry.
Texas, three regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry.
Utah, one troop cavalry, and two light batteries.
Vermont, one regiment of infantry.
Virginia, three regiments of infantry.
Washington, one regiment of infantry.
West Virginia, one regiment of infantry.
Wisconsin, three regiments of infantry.
Wyoming, one battalion and one troop cavalry.
District of Columbia, one battalion.
North Dakota, five troops of cavalry.
Iowa, three regiments of infantry and two light batteries.
South Dakota, seven troops of cavalry.
Idaho, two troops cavalry.
Nevada, one troop cavalry.
Arizona, two troops of cavalry.
New Mexico, four troops of cavalry.
Oklahoma, one troop of cavalry.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

The farmer, the mechanic and the bicycle rider are liable to unexpected cuts and bruises. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best thing to keep on hand. It heals quickly, and is a well known cure for piles.
King Bros.

Conference Adjourned.

The afternoon session of the Sunday School and Epworth League Conference at the Methodist Church Thursday was taken up in discussing the addresses of Rev. L. E. Thompson and Q. K. Nimocks, made during the morning session which were ordered published in the N. C. Christian Advocate and in pamphlet form for distribution throughout the district; and in hearing an intelligent and earnest discussion of the Epworth League, led by Rev. F. A. Bishop and Dr. Nash. The sermon of Rev. W. H. Puckett, of Haw River, at night on "Parental relation to Sunday School Work" was clear and forcible, and a treat to all who heard him. The closing session of the conference was opened at 9 o'clock yesterday morning with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. W. F. Craven, of Siler City. Rev. D. L Earnhardt, of Jonesboro, delivered a most excellent address on "The Relation of the Epworth League to the Sunday School Work," followed by Dr. Nash on the same subject, and Rev. E. C. Sell discussed "The necessity of Spirituality in the Epworth League and Sunday School Work."

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, C. W. Bynum, of Haw River.

Vice President, J. M. Lamb, Fayetteville.

Secretary and Treasurer, J. J. Powers, Fayetteville.

The next conference will be held at Cokesbury Church near Stedman. A resolution of thanks to the people of Fayetteville for hospitalities was adopted. Hymn No. 141, "God be with you till we meet again," was sung, and at 11:45 o'clock the conference adjourned with the benediction by the Presiding Elder.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Eighty-Four Colored Recruits.

Neill Waddell presided over a meeting in the Court House Friday night for the purpose of organizing a colored company for the war. Eighty-four men enlisted. The officers have not yet been elected. Rev. T. B. McCain, Geo. Evans and Oscar Hall were active in the organization.

Local Shipment of Vegetables.

The Southern Express Company shipped north Saturday a solid car of vegetables. We do not believe that finer vegetables are raised any where than in this section.

THE NEW WAY.

WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. $1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. I. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's Friend so assists nature in the change taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of **Motherhood.** Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer.
HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at $1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
Fayetteville, N. C. Savannah, Ga.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

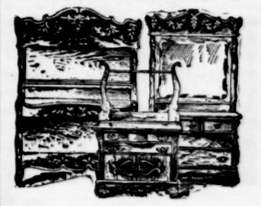
E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

—AT—
The Hay St. Grocer's,
A LOT OF SOUTH LAND TOBACCO JUST RECEIVED.
—ALSO—
Jones Co. Yam Slips
—AND—
Norton Yam Slips,
— ALL FOR SALE CHEAP. —
A. S. HUSKE.
AGENT for BASKETS, CRATES, &c.



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Reliable
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Furniture House,
CENTER OF CITY,
Thornton Block,
Fayetteville, N. C.
is the place to buy Fine Suits, Bedsteads, Washstands, Bureaus, Chiffoniers, Sideboards, China Closets, Cupboards, Safes, Lounges, Carpet, Matting, all kinds of chairs and all kinds of House Furniture Goods.

Marble and Granite
Monuments - and - Headstones!

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of
Monuments
—AND—
Headstones
to select from. My workmanship stands
SECOND TO NONE
in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.
Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....MAY 5, 1898.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."
—*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

THE PROGRESS OF CO-OPERATION.

We mentioned week before last the doubling of the number (but four before that) of papers favoring the rescue of North Carolina from negro domination by the only possible course, that of co-operation with the Bryan Populists. Last week we had the pleasure of recording the addition of three more, making eleven, while we noted that still other three had declared that they would abide by the decision of the State Convention.

This week we have cause for further rejoicing in the addition of seven more to the fourteen already recorded. These are the Wilmington Despatch, which has come out strongly on the side of accepting the authorized policy of the Democratic organization, and the Asheboro Courier, the Kinston Free Press, the Oxford Ledger, the Wilkesboro Chronicle, the Clinton Democrat and the Thomasville News, which indicate, in one way or another, that they will abide by the decision of the convention. This is a very much larger proportion of the Democratic press than that which took the side of Vance in 1893, when the Ransom machine made war on him; a larger proportion than favored silver before the convention of 1894; and a larger proportion than favored silver a few months before the convention of 1896.

If the change over to the side of the organization continues in the same ratio, we shall soon have a majority of the State Democratic press arrayed against the old order of things—that old order of things, which, through greed, stubbornness and dictatorial methods, has brought us to our present condition of shame.

Against us we find the Republican press and the McKinley "Democrats" and McKinley Populists solidly arrayed in the effort to prevent the union of the Bryan and anti-negro forces. Some good men, we grieve to say, are allowing their prejudices against the Populists to influence them against the wise policy adopted by the national organization. We trust they may yet see their way to take a larger and, as we understand it, a more patriotic view. It does not help the great cause of the redemption of our beloved State to bestow unseemly epithets upon the rank and file, or the leaders, of that wing of the Populists without whose assistance there is no hope for us in the coming contest.

On the other hand, nothing but disaster can result from a weak yielding to the proposition to fuse with those who supported McKinley directly or indirectly in 1896 and now declare that they intend to enter our primaries but bolt our State convention if it should adopt the national Democratic policy. We can only hope that the county and precinct chairmen will do their duty under the State Democratic plan of organization and rigidly exclude those who are unwilling to declare their intention "*to vote with us.*" The call is unusually liberal; it is to all white men—to those who voted for McKinley as well as to those who voted the Populist ticket—but the terms of the call exclude those who, as Vance said, propose to collect their bets if they win and repudiate them if they lose. Those are Democrats who accept "the arbitrament" of the Democratic convention. Those who do not accept the arbitrament of the convention of the party whose primaries they enter, are a source of weakness, not of strength, to any party.

Let the constituencies select their very best men as delegates to the State convention. If that is done, we can all accept their verdict without repining.

(From Monday's Daily.)

WAR NEWS AND PROBABILITIES.

Last night's dispatches to the OBSERVER began coming in pretty thickly. One received at 7:34 reported a dispatch received at London from Manilla stating that Admiral Dewey's fleet had defeated the Spanish fleet off Manilla, with a loss to the Spaniards of two thousand men and to Admiral Dewey of two vessels and five hundred men. The dispatch did not mention the loss in vessels to the Spaniards, or whether or not the Spanish fleet was captured. But a loss of two thousand men would, one would think, about comprise all the force on the Spanish ships. Later, a telegram from Hong Kong, received at 8:10 P. M., also reported that the fleets had met, and that the Americans were victorious; but no particulars were given, other than that a massacre (presumably of the Spanish residents of the islands by the insurgents) was feared. We shall, no doubt, receive full particulars in our afternoon dispatches.

If it be true that we have won a victory, and that it is a decisive one, it may end the war, if we accept the view of those who believe that Spain would welcome peace after "satisfying her honor" by the shedding of blood in a considerable encounter.

Meanwhile it will be interesting to take a cursory glance at another part of the field through the glasses of the Philadelphia Record, a conservative paper, which, on Saturday, contained this editorial review of the situation nearer home:

The destination and purpose of the Spanish squadron, which has been obliged to leave St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, in consequence of Portugal's tardy declaration of neutrality, is a secret that can only be exposed by time. The inferiority of this squadron in point of numbers as well as in the fighting power of its ships to the American fleet in Cuban waters precludes the idea that an effort might be made to break the blockade. The telegram of recent date said to have been received at Madrid, in which it was stated that General Blanco did not desire or require the co operation of the fleet in the defense of the island, was quite probably an invention of the Spanish Government intended to reconcile public opinion at home to the non participation of the Spanish navy in the conflict on the coast of Cuba. A declaration that Blanco could settle accounts with the Yankees single-handed would certainly be better calculated to tickle the Spanish mob than would a confession that the armada of Spain dare not risk annihilation or capture by a superior American fleet.

To risk all in one naval battle would be poor policy on the part of Spain; and that is the chance she would have to take if she should send the squadron lately at St. Vincent to try conclusions with our battleships and monitors off Cuba or Puerto Rico. It is far more reasonable to suppose that a raid may be made by the Spaniards upon some exposed part of our North Atlantic coast or that their objective point may be Cape St. Roque, Brazil, which the battleship Oregon and her consort and the dynamite cruiser Nietheroy (recently purchased by the Government) must soon pass on their way north. Those inexperienced in the use of charts can obtain a better idea of comparative distances on the ocean by consulting a globe than they can from a map. A glance at the globe will show that the Cape Verde Islands are situated in the narrowest part of the Atlantic, and that Cape St. Roque is the nearest land on the Western Continent to the Islands. Indeed, the distance is only about 1,500 miles. A more careful examination of the globe will also disclose the fact that the New England coast is considerably nearer to the Cape Verde Islands than is the western end of Cuba. While the Spaniards might with good reason fear an encounter with the Key West division of our fleet, they might consider four armored cruisers and six torpedo vessels a match for a single American battleship accompanied by a small gunboat and the practically unmanned Nietheroy. On the other hand, they might consider their squadron sufficiently strong to engage Commodore Schley's division. We are confident that they would be mistaken in either case; but one of the two plans above outlined would most reasonably explain the enemy's purpose in concentrating a squadron at St. Vincent.

The most probable course of Spain, however, will be to risk no serious battle with her fleet; for if the squadron from St. Vincent should be defeated the game would, indeed, be up for her. If these vessels should be lost or bottled up by our fleet in some Cuban or Puerto Rican harbor the only effective and immediately available ships of the line left her would be the Pelayo, the Emperador Carlos V and the Princesa de Asturias, all of which are now at or near Cadiz. The report that a collision had occurred between some of the Spanish vessels just outbound from St. Vincent, and that a part of the fleet had returned thither, would seem to indicate that the "valiant" Spanish marines have no stomach for a fight. Doubtless they rejoice in the possession of an excuse for further acceptance of Portuguese hospitality.

The New York Sun of the same date contained the following in reference to the Cape Verde fleet and our plans for meeting it:

News that the Spanish fleet had sailed from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, brought to a head the plans of the Navy Department for meeting such an emergency. Every arrangement has been made for a great naval engagement. Fast cruisers of the United States will scour the sea for the appearance of the Spanish squadron, and when the enemy is sighted will rush back under the highest steam pressure to the nearest port to send notice of its approach. Admiral Sampson will concentrate his six armor clads in anticipation of orders to move from Cuban waters to some central point on the Atlantic coast, whence he can reach quickly the northern or the southern seaboard.

A Recent Suffrage Decision.

In the midst of our war movements we are likely to overlook many occurrences of the day which are of the highest concern to us. The burning question of an improvement of the electorate is one of these. It seems that the Supreme Court of the United Court has just rendered a decision in the Mississippi suffrage case. The Atlanta Journal thus describes its effect and its relation to the action of Louisiana in the same direction:

Mississippi was the first state of the south to impose an educational qualification upon the right of suffrage. South Carolina has done likewise and Louisiana will soon adopt a constitution which provides that no person shall vote who cannot read the constitution or does not own $300 worth of property. One Henry Williams attacked the constitution of Mississippi in the federal courts on the ground that it violates the 14th amendment.

In his plea Williams held that inasmuch as the Mississippi franchise law operated mainly against the negroes it was contrary to the spirit of the 14th amendment which was designed to secure for negroes equal rights with other citizens.

The case was elaborately argued before the supreme court not long ago, and last Monday the court rendered its decision through Justice McKenna He placed a strict construction upon the 14th amendment and held that in order to secure federal interference it must be shown specifically that a state statute or constitution actually violated the federal constitution.

It had been argued that the object of the framers of the Mississippi constitution was to evade the 14th amendment and prevent a great majority of the negroes in that state from voting. To this argument Justice McKenna replied: "With this the United States Supreme court has no concern unless the purpose was executed by the constitution or laws or by those who administer them If it was done in the latter way, how or by what means should be shown However, the operation of constitutions and laws was not limited by the language or effects of the Mississippi constitution to one race," he said. "They reached weak and vicious white men as well as weak and vicious black men, and whatever was sinister in their intention, if anything, could be prevented by both races by the exertion of that duty which voluntarily pays taxes and refrains from crime. It could not be that a denial of equal protection of law arose primarily from the laws and constitution of Mississippi, nor was there any sufficient allegation of an evil effect."

Justice McKenna finally declared that "the constitution of Mississippi does not on its face discriminate between the races, and it has not been shown that its actual administration is evil, but only that evil is possible under it."

There is a difference between the suffrage clause in the new Louisiana constitution and that in the constitution of Mississippi, a difference which is sure to provoke a test before the federal courts.

The Louisiana constitution provides that its restrictions of suffrage shall not apply to any persons who had the right to vote in 1866. This clause can refer only to white men. It was inserted for the benefit of Confederate veterans. In the opinion of many of the members of the Louisiana constitutional convention it is clearly unconstitutional in that it discriminates between white and colored citizens. Both the Louisiana senators take this view, and it is held by some of the leading newspapers of the state.

The Mississippi decision does not settle the validity of Louisiana's new constitution and there will probably be a big legal battle over it.

"The Cuba of the Far East."

The great victory won by our navy at Manilla on Sunday, no doubt the precursor of even more decisive events yesterday, makes the history of those far-away islands, whose capital it is, of pressing interest just now. A correspondent of the New York Sun the other day contributed to that journal the following comprehensive account of their discovery and later career:

These islands are an important group, separated from Asia by the China Sea. They can be reached from Hong Kong in two or three days by steam. They have an aggregate population of between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000, of which only about 5,000 are of pure Spanish blood. The group embraces over 1,200 islands, of which, however, only nine are of any considerable size. The island of Luzon, whose capital is Manilla, is about the size of Cuba, but has three times its population. The Philippines have been in a state of revolution for several years, brought about by the same Spanish policy of despotism and oppression that has driven the Cubans into insurrection. The Spanish Government some time ago announced that the revolution had been suppressed, but all accounts seem to indicate that it has only been smothered, and is ready to burst out again on the first opportunity. In fact, risings in different parts have been announced recently, and it is altogether probable that the native chiefs are only awaiting the arrival of an American squadron to take the field and co operate with it against their oppressors. The announcement that one of their leaders is now on board the Olympia would indicate that they are in direct communication with Admiral Dewey.

The Philippines were discovered in 1521 by Fernao de Magalhaes, better known to us as Magellan, a Portuguese navigator, who offered his services to Spain, and induced its Government to intrust him with an expedition to found a colony in the Moluccs or Spice Islands, which at that time were coveted by both Spain and Portugal. These two countries had agreed to partition between themselves the colonial empire of the world, Spain taking all countries discovered 180° west of the Azores, while Portugal was to have all east of that line.

Magellan left San Lucar Sept. 20, 1519, with five small vessels, carrying 236 men. Sailing westward the first land he made was the coast of Brazil, where he entered the La Plata River, but finding that it was not a strait, he returned to the Atlantic and followed the coast of South America until he reached a harbor in Patagonia, which he called St. Julian. There he spent the winter. In the spring he pursued his voyage, and on Oct. 21, 1520, entered the strait that now bears his name. As that day was the festival of St. Ursula, and Magellan was a devout Catholic, he named the strait "The Strait of the Eleven Thousand Virgins."

Passing through this strait, Magellan directed his course still westward, across the Pacific, until, on March 16, 1521, he discovered the island of Samar, one of the Philippine group. He proceeded at once, according to the custom of the time, to plant the cross and Christianize the people. The inhabitants of the island of Mactan refused to accept Christianity, and Magellan, with fifty-five men went ashore to convert them by force of arms. His little company was overpowered by numbers, and Magellan was killed. A few of his followers escaped, and Juan Sebastian Cano brought back eighteen to Spain, in the Vitoria, the first vessel that had ever circumnavigated the earth.

Spain afterward occupied and held possession of the Philippines, so named after Philip II., until 1762. In that year, soon after the capture of Havana by the English, a British fleet, under Admiral Cornish, with a land force of 2,500 men under Sir William Draper, composed of the Seventy ninth British regulars and a body of lascars and sepoys, left Madras for an attack on the Philippines.

They arrived in Manilla Bay on Sept. 23, and on the 25th landed a force of 1,300 soldiers, 700 seamen, and 300 marines, and immediately began to erect batteries for the investment of the town, which they found strongly fortified. Manilla was defended on the land side "by the bastions of St. Diego and St. Andrew, a ravelin, a wet *fosse* thirty yards in breadth, a covered way, and a glacis." The weather was stormy and the climate deadly to the Europeans, but in spite of these obstacles the work was pushed with great vigor, and they soon had completed batteries, which, supported by the fire of the fleet, proved so formidable that the Spanish Governor, the Marquis de Medina, determined on a desperate effort to destroy them. Accordingly, on Oct. 4, the Spaniards made a sally from their defences, but they were repulsed with considerable loss and driven back into their works. Two days afterwards the English carried the outer defences by storm, the Spanish commander retreating to the citadel and leaving the town to the mercy of the assailants, who ravaged and pillaged the inhabitants without restraint. Medina held the citadel a few days, and then surrendered himself and his garrison, and agreed to pay a ransom for the town of $4 000,000, besides delivering up all the military and naval stores.

* * *

The English Government apparently did not appreciate the value of the Philippine Islands, for when peace was made, while they obtained the Floridas in exchange for Havana, they gave up the Philippines without any equivalent. If they had foreseen the present condition of affairs in the East they would never have yielded the key to the China Sea.

Whether or not it would be our interest, if we should capture it, to retain it as an American colony is a question that we are not called upon to decide as yet. We must catch our hare before we decide what to do with it.

The loss of the Philippines to Spain, however, would be a grievous blow. Followed, as it surely would be, by the loss of Cuba, it would leave her stripped of the rich colonies upon which she has depended in her miserable old age for her sustenance and support, and loaded with an overwhelming debt which she would have no means of either meeting or carrying.

No wonder the holders of the Spanish bonds have been so anxious to bring about a peaceful settlement with her colonies, for without them there is no prospect that Spain can pay either principal or interest.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The American prize fighters, says the Atlanta Constitution, have scarcely chirped since the opening of hostilities. Somehow or other their dense intellects have become aware of the fact that the government is looking around for strong, able bodied men who can deal national knock-out blows.

* * *

Verily, it is an inspiring sight to behold a lot of newspapers whose editors, or owners, or both, voted for McKinley in 1896, or for Palmer and Buckner, or scratched the Democratic ticket—it is an inspiring sight to behold such a lot posing as leaders of the loyal Democracy! And then these unblushing interlopers coolly inform us that they will bolt from the State convention if it adopts a policy not approved by them! After all, we have no right to expect anything better of men who have shown no practical disapproval of the course of the gold minority at Chicago, which bolted under precisely the same circumstances.

A Happy Illustration.

Raleigh News and Observer.

The news comes from Washington that the authorities are proposing to arm the followers of Gomez, and that he and his army are to co-operate with the American troops in giving liberty to the Cubans. This is what Fitzhugh Lee recommended, and he knows.

It is to be hoped that those men, who believe there can be no honorable co-operation between men who are fighting for the same end, will not be able to convince the government that it is better to put the Americans and Cubans to fighting each other instead of joining armies to fight the common enemy.

Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

ST. PAUL'S, N. C., May 3, 1898.

Deputy sheriff Carroll, of the Dublin vicinity of Bladen county, was in the community of upper Bladen attending to official business last week.

The St. Pauls High School will close to morrow, the 4th.

Mr. W. N. McLean is a juror to the May term of Robeson court this week.

Messrs. J. H. Smith and E. O. Fisher were attendants to the quarterly conference of the Methodist church, which was held at Camp Grounds Methodist church in Cumberland county on last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. W. J. Bramble has opened a work shop at Shaw's Mill, five miles east of St. Pauls, and is now prepared to do any kind of wood or iron work.

VICTOR SAYINGS.

VICTOR, N. C., April 30, 1898.

Miss Annie McNeill has been visiting the family of R. D. Rowan.

Miss Maggie Kelly has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. E. Kelly.

Mr. A. H. Buchan has been spending a few days with Mr. T. Field. No doubt the boys had a jolly good time.

Presbytery adjourned to meet in call session at Red Springs on the 18th of May.

The closing exercises of Union Home School will be held Friday, May 20th.

The Moore county Democratic Convention is called to meet May 14th, to elect delegates to State and Judicial Conventions.

DONTON.

BLADEN COUNTY NEWS.

DUBLIN, BLADEN CO., N. C., April 30, 1898.

The Democratic primaries will convene at the several precincts in Bladen county Saturday, May 7th, at 3:00 p. m., for the purpose of appointing delegates to the county convention which meets at Elizabethtown Wednesday, May 11th, at 11 a. m., to appoint delegates to the State, Judicial and Congressional conventions.

The Populist county convention will convene at Elizabethtown Saturday, May 7th, at 11 a. m., for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State convention.

Charlie Stevens, son of Thad Stevens, of Carver's Creek township, this county, was killed by the kick of a mule April 14th. Mr. Stevens was 19 years of age and was an exceptional young man. The funeral service took place at Mt. Horeb church and was conducted by Rev. A. McFadyen, who preached a very touching sermon to the large concourse of friends and relatives who had assembled to pay their last tributes of respect to the deceased.

S. M. Register has moved from Elizabethtown to his farm near Register.

D. C. Shaw, of Ammon, died a few days ago after a brief illness.

There was a fishing party at W. H. Bryan's mill last Tuesday.

Hon. T. D. McDowell continues very ill.

Joseph Gillespie, who has been engaged in the produce commission business in Wilmington for some months past, has returned and opened a general merchandise store at Dublin.

R. J. Parker, of Dublin, will, it is reported, sail at an early date for Africa, whither he goes as a missionary.

It is said that R. S. White, Esq., of Elizabethtown, will be a candidate for the nominatination of solicitor on the republican ticket.

B. M. Roberts has been appointed postmaster at Moscow.

Miss Carrie Beck Parker, of Dublin, who has been visiting relatives in Brunswick, Ga., returned a few days ago.

Duncan S. MacRae, of Fayetteville. come down to Elizabethtown last Wednesday.

We hear that G. W. Currie, of Clarkton, will raise a company of volunteers.

AMERICUS.

Hail, Admiral Dewey! At last an American can hold up his head again among the peoples of the earth—as in the days of Paul Jones, Decatur, Blakely, Perry, Bainbridge, Jacob Jones, Lawrence and Ingraham.

KINNON ITEMS.

The farmers of this section are making considerable progress in planting. Although many of them were heavy sufferers in the last February forest fires, result, much good new fence in place of our briar tangled fence rows.

Rev. Wm. Johnson filled his appointment at Cedar Falls Sunday. Said to be a feeling and practical discourse.

Rev. Mr. Bruton was with his people at St. Andrews the 4th Sabbath.

Of strangers among us are notably the Messrs. Byrd, of Bunn's Level, who seem to take a deep interest in some of the members of St. Andrews' congregation. Some prophesy they will come again. Success to the widowers.

Mr. James Evans and Mr. Carmon went up to Harnett Sunday. Mr. Evans delivered one of his instructive, practical and eloquent addresses to the Sabbath school at Bethel, while Josh was muchly engaged in viewing the Harnett county buds of promise.

Cuba, Cuba, Spain and Uncle Sam seem to be the absorbing theme for every body to discuss. Well they may, for Spain is far away and a great many of Uncle Sam's subjects are not ready to sail for Cuba yet.

Mr. M. Gray Phillips, of Boston, who has been recuperating at Kingsbury for quite a while, left to day for Pinehurst but is expected to return in July or sooner. Mr. Carlson and r. Kneeland will remain quite a while yet.

Politics is cropping out. The populists held their primary for this township Saturday, 30th. We suppose there will be others soon.

It looks as if this would be a year of many great events, with a very interesting campaign on hand and a foreign war.

JOHN SMACK.

RAEFORD NOTES.

At a recent meeting of the trustees of Raeford Institute, Prof. W. P. M. Currie was unanimously re elected president of that institution for the next term.

Rev. R. W. Alexander was joined here by his wife and little son last week. They will make Raeford their future home.

Mr. J. W. Guiton has moved into his new store at this place.

Mr. Pat. Harris, of Keyser, has accepted a position as salesman for Mr. J. W. Guiton.

North Carolina's Part in in the Civil War.

The School Supplement.

North Carolina did not leave the Union until after the Confederate government had been organized. In February, 1861, the State voted against secession by a majority of 30,000. But in March, Mr. Lincoln became President and called for volunteers to subdue the Southern States that had seceded. He asked North Carolina for 1,500 men. And then our State, on May 20, 1861, decided by a big vote to cast its lot with the Confederate States.

North Carolina was next to the last State to secede, but it was the first to suffer. The first man killed in the war was Henry Lawson Wyatt, of Edgecombe county, who fell in a skirmish at Big Bethel, Va.

Twenty six engagements were fought in North Carolina, the most notable events being: The recapture of Plymouth, by Gen. R. F. Hoke and Gen. M. W. Ransom in 1864; the defeat of the Federal fleet in Roanoke river by the ram Albemarle, under Commander Cook; the heroic defence of Fort Fisher, under Lamb and Whiting; and Johnston's last stand at Bentonville, in Johnston county. Soldiers of North Carolina went farther up the slopes of Gettysburg under Pettigrew, and made the last charge at Appomattox under Gen. W. R. Cox. North Carolina furnished one fifth of the entire Confederate Army, from first to last. At Appomattox one-half the muskets surrendered were from North Carolina troops.

Military population of North Carolina in 1860, 115,369; number of troops furnished the Confederate States Army by North Carolina, about 125,000. German loss in the Franco-Prussian war, 3 1 10 der cent; loss of the allied armies in the Crimean war, 3 2 10 per cent; loss of the Union Army in the Civil War, 8 6 10 per cent; North Carolina's loss in the Civil War 35 per cent.

The greatest loss suffered by any regiment on either side in any one battle, was that of the 26th North Carolina at Gettysburg, commanded by Colonel Harry Burgwyn, of Pettigrew's brigade, Heth's division. It lost 588 men. In one company of 84 men, every man and officer was hit. The Light Brigade, in the celebrated charge of the 600 at Balaklava, lost 37 per cent. of its men, but the 26th North Carolina regiment, charging up the heights of Gettsburg, lost 86 per cent. of its numbers, and nobody blundered either.

The following list embraces the ten heaviest losses in single battles, both sides:

26th N. C., at Gettysburg, 588.
4th N. C., at Fair Oaks, 369.
9th Illinois, at Shiloh, 366.
44th Ga., at Mechanicsville, 335.
14th Ala., at Seven Days, 324.
8th Tenn., at Stone's River, 306.
121st N. Y., at Salem Heights, 276.
49th Penn., at Spotsylvania, 274.
15th N. J., at Spotsylvania, 272.
40th N. C., at Gaines' Mill, 272.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles.
King Bros.

What is Scott's Emulsion?

It is a strengthening food and tonic, remarkable in its flesh-forming properties. It contains Cod-Liver Oil emulsified or partially digested, combined with the well-known and highly prized Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, so that their potency is materially increased.

What Will It Do?

It will arrest loss of flesh and restore to a normal condition the infant, the child and the adult. It will enrich the blood of the anemic; will stop the cough, heal the irritation of the throat and lungs, and cure incipient consumption. We make this statement because the experience of twenty-five years has proven it in tens of thousands of cases. *Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion.*

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

LUMBER BRIDGE LOCALS.

Mrs. M. J. McLeod is improving and was well enough Saturday for Miss Lula to return to her school in South Carolina.

The Lumber Bridge Light Infantry leaves Wednesday for Raleigh to take their place as company A of the Second Regiment. Recruits are coming from all directions. Mr. J. A. Graham, of Cumberland will enlist. The officers are: Captain, S. J. Cobb; Lieutenants, Edgar Hall and J. A. Curtie.

Mr. Angus McLean paid us a short visit on his way to see his brother at Red Springs:

Miss Minnie Adams, of Clio, S. C., is visiting at Rev. S. J. McLeod's

Pastor Low was not well enough to fill his appointment here Sunday. He is, however, much better, and expects (D. v.) to hold communion services at Shannon next Sunday morning and preach here in the afternoon.

Saturday's daily brought the sad news of the death of Dr. D. McL. Graham. Many Carolinians can say, in the words of a Roman orator: "He was my friend, faithful and just to me."

Dunk Downing's Strong Rebuke

MR. EDITOR:—I notice in the Progressive Farmer a communication from one of the small feeders at the public crib, Henry E. King, setting up a desperate howl, because he found some Populist (and it seems quite a number) that favored a co-operation with the Bryan Democrats on "free silver lines." It seems that free silver is of minor importance when compared to his cravings for office. Why does he kick and why do the wicked flee when no man pursueth? He weeps and wails over the "rupture between the Republican and Populist parties." Perhaps every community and county in the Union is afflicted periodically with such office seekers. Considering the facts, the prosperity and progress of the nation is little short of miraculous.

Why such a howl is set up staggers the genius of man and can only be fathomed by the Almighty. Let the people form the breakwaters, against which the waves of prejudice, hatred and general selfishness roll. The time has come for the people to scatter the breakers into spray.

It is a noticeable fact that they are narrow between the eyes and have a facial expression of a sedge-field bull yearling.

The all absorbing question now to you and your ilk is to repair the "rupture," and, when repaired, you will congregate together and wag your heads in glee as you and they rejoice in your own cussedness.

He revels in the muck of a bewailing politician. He rubs up against everything as does the canine that has been wallowing in the political carrion of the Republican party.

Mr. King says, to carry out the plans laid down by Senators Butler, Jones and ex-Congressman Towne, "means to drive hundreds of Populists into the Republican party for protection." Mr. King would not be in the crowd seeking shelter in the Republican camp, for he fled to his black majesty two years ago for self-preservation, and received as his reward Supervisor of Schools, and now bewails the inevitable.

"O, what is life, that thoughtless wish of all,
A drop of honey in a draught of gall."

He says, "they (meaning Populists) would rather live under the dominion of a party advocating gold than Democratic vassalage." The people will accept anything that has a tendency towards a termination of the present system of financial ruin which is devastating the country. The Republicans are moving heaven and earth to issue *five hundred millions of interest-bearing bonds,* while the Populists, aided by the true Democracy (Chairman Jones leading in the Senate), are endeavoring to coin the seignorage and issue greenbacks to whip the Spaniards with. Which of the two parties should the Populist party ally itself with?

The answer is plain.

The Democratic party has shown that it prefers Cuban freedom to Spanish slavery. Where do we find the Republican party? Allied to Spanish bondholders while women and children are slaughtered in the streets of Cuban towns. How did Mr. Pritchard vote, the idol of Mr. King and Populist (?) Christopher Columbus McClellan, the Republican would-be-Deputy-Collector? Where does he stand regarding free silver? Let the people who favor the free, unlimited coinage of silver unite and elect free silver Democrats in the places of Linney, Pearson and White. It would be wise for the Populists to select a successor for Harry Skinner.

Mr. King holds up the danger signal—the South Carolina election law, but never mentions the Republican Massachusetts election law. The South Carolina law disfranchises the negro, while the Republican Massachusetts election law disfranchises the white man. Which of the two, Mr. King, will you take?

The overwhelming evidence is that you prefer the disfranchisement of the white man instead of the negro, because you can use the negro to perpetuate low political schemes. Now, for the proof, let me remind you of your daily visits to Neill Waddill's office in company with Deputy Collector(?) McClellan.

Will Mr. King please tell the anxious public why and for what principle should the Populist party be an ally of the Republican party. There is but one answer, to keep yourself and crew in office.

Bryan Democracy advocates the free coinage of silver, abolition of national banks, an income tax, an increase in the volume of paper money rather than an increase of bonds—which are the doctrines of the Populist party. The Republican party favors the gold standard, national banks and the destruction of the paper money now in circulation. Let the friends of silver unite.

Listen ye rural solons, the visions of a wrathful people are determined on your retirement to private life, with no more jaunts up Green street. Waking or sleeping the uniting of the silver forces will hang over your head like the sword of Damocles.

DUNK DOWNING.

Speedy Action Expected by Sampson's Fleet.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Key West, May 3.—There is intense activity among Admiral Sampson's fleet. It is expected that he will make speedy attack on Porto Rico. All the vessels are coaling and preparing for service. A conference was held this morning between Admiral Sampson and the leading Captains of his command. It is supposed that the bombardment of Havana will open hostilities at all Cuban ports. The officers are enthusiastic at this breaking of the monotony of the blockade.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* wrapper. *This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought,* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* wrapper. *No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher M.D.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

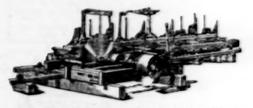
30 inch Resawing with all the latest improvements.

A FEW OF MY LEADING MACHINES

Rapid Feed Double Surfacer, working 3 1-4x14 inches. Shipping weight, 6,000 lbs

J. A. VANCE IRON WORKS,

Write for Circular. SALEM, N. C



Improved Circular Saw Mill, built in various lengths to 60 feet.

Meeting of County Commissioners.

The Board of County Commissioners met in regular monthly session Monday with S. H. Cotton Chairman and J. A Gainy, J. A. McFarland and Attorney Sinclair present.

The road supervisers of Flea Hill Township were authorized to contract for repairing bridge over Devane's Mill Creek on Plank Road. At 12 o'clock the board went into the election of a county physician which resulted in the election of Dr. J. V. McGougan.

The jurors for the special criminal court were then drawn and the commissioners adjourned.

RED SPRINGS ITEMS.

Red Springs, N. C., May 3, 98.

The three Sabbath Schools here will have a union pic-nic at Philadelphus next Saturday.

Rev. D. W. Fox will preach here Wednesday at 8:00 P. M., Friday at 4:00 P. M., preparatory services to communion services next Suncay.

The communion services at Antioch last Sunday were well attended—many had to go to the galleries.

Master Rosco D., son of Dr. Frank McMillan, joined the Presbyterian church last Sunday.

Excursions from Fayetteville and Bennettsville are expected here Friday evening. There is to be a concert at R. S. Seminary and other attractions in town.

Dr. J. S. Betts was with us last week.

Mayor A. B. Pearsall was re elected yesterday, and W. F. Williams, Lucius McRae, John T. McNeill, R. W. Livermore and B. W. Townsend were elected Town Commissioners.

W. B. Moffitt, of Sanford, is in town. Some of our people are attending court at Lumberton this week.

A negro was arrested here last week for retailing liquor. I hope our people will keep a close watch on such offenders.

Lieut. John Currie, of Lumber Bridge, was here yesterday looking for recruits for their company. I heard two promised to go today. He reported about 60 already and 84 as the desired number.

J. M. Pope and T. E. Garrett have nice new awnings over store fronts and others are arranging to do likewise. That's right, gentlemen. It adds to the looks, to the comfort and to trade too.

The Merriam family at Hotel Townsend have returned to N. Y.

M. L Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me I used one box. It has effected a permament cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. King Bros.

The Democracy Should Make No Mistake.

Wilmington Dispatch.)

Democracy should make no mistake this time. The gold bugs have carried her down in defeat for the past two elections and they should be watched lest they do it the third time. The only road to success is the co-operation of the white people who believe in the white man and the white metal.

Some of the State papers are crying themselves hoarse about foreign intervention in our politics, but they didn't say a word when the Hanna contingent invaded the State about two years ago.

A big majority of the white people of the State favor co operation because it's the only road to the success of white supremacy and free silver. A few are against it because opposing it is the only sure way of keeping the gold standard yoked upon the nation.

McKinley Advises All Persons,

old or young, before enlisting in the U. S. army, to cure themselves of all aches and pains, croup, coughs and colds, rheumatism, neuralgia and bronchial troubles. To do this, use only Rice's Famous Goose Grease Liniment, always guaranteed and sold by wholesale and retail druggists. —Adv't.

Democratic Dunn.

A dispatch from Dunn Monday says:

There were big democratic gains in the municipal election held here today. The democratic candidate for mayor was elected by ninety-three majority. Last year the majority was one. A full board of aldermen and police were elected.

Oh, How Thankful

Pain Was Maddening and Hope Had Been Abandoned—Wonderful Results of Purifying the Blood.

"A very severe pain came in my left knee, which grew worse and worse, and finally a sore broke out above the knee. It discharged a great deal and the pain from my thigh down was maddening. Large, hard, purple spots appeared on my leg. I suffered in this way for years, and gave up all hope of ever being cured. My wife was reading of a case like mine cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and she advised me to try it. I began taking it and when I had used a few bottles I found relief from my suffering. Oh, how thankful I am for this relief! I am stronger than I have ever been in my life. I am in the best of health, have a good appetite and am a new man altogether."
J. P. MOORE, Lisbon Falls, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—In fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

Which do you wear most
your thinking cap or your working cap? The woman who studies to save herself labor and expense—who strives to have her house look best at all times finds nothing so helpful as
GOLD DUST
Washing Powder
Best for cleaning everything. Largest package—greatest economy.
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.
FAIRBANK'S GOLD DUST Washing Powder

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms.*
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 5, 1898

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Daniel Sessoms --Notice.
A. L McCaskill—Notice.
Observer Office---Turpentine still for sale.
A. E. Rankin Co.--Fine young mule for sale.
Hollingsworth & Co.--Underwear for men.
Cape Fear Dry Goods Co.---Here is a good opportunity.
James M. Lamb---Fine ornamental Plants for bedding.

Court Convenes Wednesday.

The following telegram explains itself:

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 4, '98.
H. McD. Robinson,
Fayetteville, N. C.,

Notify Sheriff to adjourn Court till Wednesday. Notify parties and witnesses.

O. H. ALLEN,
Judge.

Attention Camp No. 852, U. C. V.!

You are hereby requested to meet at the City Hall (Market House) at 10 A. M., on Tuesday next, the 10th instant, Memorial Day, for the transaction of such business as may come before the Camp, including the selection of Delegates to the Reunion at Charlotte on the 20th. As this will also be the annual meeting, each member of the Camp is required by the Constitution to pay at that time his annual dues of 10 cents.

E. J. HALE,
Commander.

J. N. PRIOR,
Adjutant.

A Happy Thought.

We ask the attention of all concerned to the invitation of the Ladies' Memorial Association, of which Mrs. J. D. McNeill is the President, published in this issue, and addressed to the Confederate Veterans. It will serve a useful purpose, while also promoting the sentimental one.

Major Campbell is Chief Marshal. A good selection.

For The Veterans.

The Ladies' Memorial Association have issued the following circular letter, which explains itself:

ROOMS OF THE LADIES' MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

You are cordially invited to attend a "Veterans' Camp Fire" and Soldiers' Dinner, to be given by the Ladies' Memorial Association, in connection with their Memorial Ceremonies in Fayetteville, on May 10th, 1898—10 A. M. till 4 P. M.

We desire to have every possible Confederate veteran with us on that day, and would not only urge your attendance but would also ask you to notify and extend to any comrade that you may know a cordial and pressing invitation to attend and meet in social intercourse his comrades of 1861-'65.

Most respectfully,
MRS. J. D. MCNEILL, President.
" W. W. HUSKE, Vice "
" D. A. MCMILLAN, Treas'r.
" E. T. MCKETHAN, Sec'y.

Your acceptance by letter, postal card or message addressed to the President will be of value and appreciated.

W. F. CAMPBELL,
Chief Marshal.

To Tampa.

An army hospital corps passed through here last night on their way to Tampa, Fla.

Col. DeVane, Dead.

Col. Thos. W. DeVane, of this county, died at his home, near Wade, Monday at 10 p. m., aged 73. The funeral took place from Lebannon church.

A Cumberland Westpointer.

Mr. Alex. E. Williams was among the graduating class at West Point recently. This class was to graduate in June, except for the need of officers in the army. Mr. Williams is a son of our esteemed countyman, Capt. W. L. Williams, of Little River Academy.

Novel Theft.

Officer Benton last night captured Major Johnson, colored, in the act of stealing oil from one of the lamps along the A. C. L. tract. For several months both the C. F. & Y. V. and A. C. L. have been puzzled by the disappearance of oil from their lamps, and last night's capture explains the mystery.

Colored Company Organized.

The colored company was organized at Howard School House Monday night. One hundred and forty tendered their names. The following were the principal officers elected:

Captain—M. B. Murphy.
1st Lieutenant—Oscar Hall.
2nd Lieutenant—R. W. Thaggard.
1st Sergeant—Chester Kelly.
Quarter-Master—T. C. Whitfield.

A Sad Death.

Rhody Armstrong, a worthy colored man, for many years an employee of the C. F. & Y. V. Ry., on Work or Material Train No. 1 was killed at Manchester Monday under very distressing circumstances. It appears that while loading sand it became necessary to move the train, when accidentally his foot was caught, precipitating him face downward upon the track, one of the trucks passing over the entire length of his body from foot to shoulder.

Rhody was a well to do colored man, owning a farm near Idaho and carrying, we understand, several thousand dollars insurance upon his life.

WHEN NATURE

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Spain Admits Defeat.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 2.—The details of the battle off Manilla were received at the British Colonial office this morning. The substance of the dispatches which are given out today is as follows: The United States fleet entered Manilla harbor at daybreak, stationing itself opposite the city. A fort opened fire on the American ships, whereupon they shifted their position to one near Cavite in Manilla bay, engaging in a fierce fight against both the fort and the Spanish fleet. The dispatch adds that the Americans ships withdrew to their magazine vessel in the centre of the roadstead for the purpose of coaling. One American vessel whose name is not mentioned, is said to have been disabled.

Admiral Dewey requested British Consul Rawson Walker, to convey a message to the Spanish Governor-General demanding the surrender of all torpedoes and guns. He also demanded possession of the cable offices, saying that unless these terms were complied with he would proceed to bombard the city of Manilla. The first cable message ends with the statement that the Spanish officials were conferring with the British Consul and the telegraph company's agent, and pending a decision being arrived at, the cables would not be permitted to handle messages.

The second cablegram received at the Colonial office announces that the Spanish Governor-General refused to surrender the torpedoes, guns and cable offices; that he prevented the telegraph company from conferring with Admiral Dewey. This message ended with the statement that the British Governor of the Straits Settlement expected the bombardment of Manilla to begin Monday morning when the Spaniards would cut the cable.

It is believed in London this afternoon that the Spanish cable to Manila has been cut.

The British Governor of the Straits settlement cabled the colonial office that the United States fleet annihilated the Spanish fleet after a two hours engagement.

Bombardment of Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 2—The latest news from Manila through unofficial, but generally reliable sources, states that the bombardment of the city began this morning with such activity that the British consul came out to the flagship and interviewed Admiral Dewey to see what terms could be made for a surrender. It is assumed that he was tactitly empowered to do this by the Spanish authorities, though acting ostensibly in the interest of the foreign element whose personal safety and business operations were put in jeopardy by the attack on the city. Such an errand it is thought would be more likely deputed to the representative of England than any one else, on the theory of the friendship between England and the United States, and that this would have influence in procuring concessions and sparing Spanish dignity.

Off Havana.

By cable to the Observer.)

BOARD FLAGSHIP NEW YORK.—The blockade of Havana continues. The American fleet is concentrated ten miles off Morro Castle. The Cruiser Montgomery and the tug Oscala have just arrived. The several commanders have consulted with Admiral Sampson. It is hardly expected that a demonstration will occur off Cuba to-day. It is understood that the movement is planned for a heavy sea. There was a long consultation yesterday by the commanders of the fleet. There is every indication that a concentrated movement is in contemplation. Those aboard the flagship are ignorant of the object of the conference, but all confidently expect the bombardment of Matanzas to be repeated. The flagship steamed slowly past Morro Castle without incident. The remainder of the fleet returned to their various stations along the coast. There has been no excitement among the vessels for forty-eight hours, except the chase of the British tramp steamer Strathdeel.

The Independent Company.

The members of the F. I. L. I. Co. decided at their meeting Monday not to offer for enlistment in the volunteer army of the United States.

It seems that Maj. Huske promptly wrote the Governor on the 2nd of April, offering the services of the company in the event of hostilities, and asking for equipments, such as knapsacks, blankets, &c. The only reply received was from the Adjt. General stating that there were no equipments in the hands of the State that could legally be issued to any but organizations that are members of the State Guard.

Thereupon Maj. Huske wrote again to the Governor, informing him of the letter which he had received from the Adjutant General and assuring him that, regardless of the question of equipments, the F. I. L. I. was ready to perform all duties that might come to them. Since that time they have been "awaiting orders;" but no intimation as yet has come from the Governor as to his views in the matter, and no information has been sent the company in the way of instruction.

Naturally, there has been a strong disposition on the part of the company to take its traditional place at the front.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* is on every wrapper.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by

H. R. HORNE, Druggist,
Fayetteville, N. C.

MANILA CAPTURED.

Account of the Bombardment of Manila.

Spain to Make a Desperate Effort.

By cable to the Observer.)

London, May 3.—It is reported here that Spain will now concentrate all her forces for battle in Cuban waters.

Martial Law in Madrid.

By cable to the Observer.

Madrid, May 3rd.—The Cabinet in consequence of the excitement and public indignation has officially proclaimed Madird under martial law. Constitutional rights will not be suspended, however.

Deputy Gasset will submit to the Chamber today a motion inquiring whether the responsibility rested with Admiral Bermejo or the Minister of Marine, for the Manilla disaster.

The Government has been officially notified that Admiral Dewey cut the Manilla cable and carried the end on board the flagship Olmpia.

Account of the Bombardment of Manila.

By cable to the Observer)

LONDON, May 3.—A Madrid despatch says that the Spanish colonial office had advices at the beginning of the bombardment of Manilla before the cable was cut saying, "Thus far the American shells have not reached the town proper, which is strongly protected. Only the outlying native quarters suffered. They are now in flames. Occasionally a shell fell in the European town where few houses were struck. The batteries at the citadel, especially the six large guns, are vigorously replying to the American fire. and have inflicted considerable damage to the fleet.

To Attack Sampson's Fleet.

By cable to the Observer.

Cadiz, May 3.—The second Spanish fleet has completed its preparations for sailing. Everything indicates a heavy attack on Sampson's fleet off Havana.

Children like it, it saves their lives We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. KING BROS.

Encouraging the Student.

Col. C. W. Broadfoot has offered a copy of Shakspeare, in a series of volumes of convenient size, printed on good paper, in clear bold type, for the best essay submitted and read at the Commencement of the Fayetteville Military Academy on the 27th. In making the award, Col. Broadfoot (himself a strong, incisive master of the Anglo Saxon) wishes the judge to consider the use of choice, pure English in the composition of the essay as one of the chief virtues in bearing off the prize. It cannot fail to be gratifying to both preceptor and pupil that Col. Broadfoot has been induced to offer this prize mainly on account of the admirable deportment of the students of the Academy whereever they appear in public.

The Municipal Election.

The following is the list of candidates elected Monday to take charge of our municipal affairs for the ensuing year, with the number of votes received by each:

FOR MAYOR:
William S. Cook, 195.

FOR ALDERMEN:
William L. Hawley, 196.
Thomas H. Maultsby, 195.
Benjamin R. Taylor, 191.
Robert L. Holland, 195.
Charles B. McMillan, 194.
Robert G. Haigh, 195.
John A. Pemberton, 194.
James F. Johnson, 189.
Alfred A. McKethan, 191.
James G. Hollingsworth, 194.
William F. Campbell, 194.
Isaac W. Clark, 192.
Jerry W. Johnson, 193.
Joseph B. Underwood, Jr., 191.

FOR BOARD OF AUDIT AND FINANCE:
Alpheus E. Rankin, 192.
Benjamin R. Huske, 193.
James A. King. 189.

The State Troops.

The Raleigh correspondent of Saturday morning's Wilmington Star says:

This morning 500 tents and numerous camp supplies were carried out to the camp grounds. Fifty men have been at work clearing the drill grounds and getting the place ready for the soldier boys. It is possible that the Governor's Guard may get into camp Saturday afternoon, in order to patrol and guard the camp. The first regiment of soldiers, comprising the twelve companies of the State Guard that first volunteered will reach here at 5 p. m. Monday.

Adjutant General Cowles says more companies have volunteered than are needed. Goldsboro and Lumber Bridge companies will head the second regiment. Dr. Winter, a surgeon in the army, is ordered to report here to make physical examination of the troops before they are mustered in.

Commander Morton is ordered to turn the Nantucket over to Lieut. Moore, to be taken to Port Royal, S. C. The order came from Secretary Roosevelt.

The L. B. L. I.

The Lumber Bridge Light Infantry did not pass through this morning as was their intention. Mr. Ed. McMillan, of Lumberton, a nephew of our esteemed townsman Mr. W. B. McMillan, was in the city this morning, and informed us that the Lumber Bridge company, (of which he is a member) will probably pass through in the morning.

Red Springs Municipal Election.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

Red Springs, N. C.,
May 3, 1898.

Yesterday's town election resulted as follows: For Mayor, A. B. Pearsall; Commissioners, W. F. Williams, John McNeill, B. W. Townsend, Lucius McRae and R. W. Livermore.

A bolters ticket was gotten up which resulted in the election of R. W. Livermore over Peter McQueen, the regular nominee of the Democratic party.

D. P. MCEACHERN.

It is a great leap from the old-fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and billiousness. King Bros.

THE PRESIDENT HAS DEWEY'S REPORT

The American Flag Floats Over The Philippines.

Gen. Lee and Three Others Appointed Major Generals.

Planning the Next Great Battle.

Dewey's Report is Voluminous—Havana's Wild Frenzy—A British Consul Attacked and Kills Spaniards—America to Retain the Philippines.

McKinley Has Dewey's Report.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, May 4—Noon.—Admiral Dewey's report is in President McKinley's hands.

America to Keep the Philippines

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, May 4.—President McKinley said this morning that he would retain the Philippine Islands as an American colony.

Dewey's Report.

By cable to the Observer.

HONG KONG.—The Revenue cutter Hugh McCulloch has arrived at Muir's Bay. It is believed she brought Admiral Dewey's report of the Manila battle.

The British cruiser Immortalite has just sailed with messages for Admiral Dewey.

Havana's Wild Frenzy.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

KEY-WEST, May 4.—Havana is celebrating the Yankee defeat at Manila with torchlight processions, banquets and balls. The army is being lionized. Gen. Blanco has ordered wine to be carried to the garrisons. Maudlin crowds fill the streets.

Four Major Generals

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, May 4.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee was today appointed a Major General of volunteers, also Gen. Joseph Wheeler of Alabama, General Wilson of Delaware, and Senator Sewall of New Jersey.

British Warships to the Rescue.

By cable to the Observer.

Kingston, May 4.—The British Consul at Santiago, was beseiged by a mob this morning, he fired in self defense and was arrested. Three British warships have been ordered thither.

The British Consul in defending the consulate, killed several Spaniards.

BUTCHERED BY SPANIADS.

Refugees from Santa Cruse in Cuba are flocking to the coast. There are no vessels to rescue them, and the Spaniards are slaughtering them by the wholesale.

Translating Dewey's Message.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 4.—Capt. Crowninshield, of the navigation bureau, is now translating a long cipher cablegram supposed to be from Admiral Dewey.

Secretary Long sent to the House today a deficiency estimate of twenty-one millions dollars for the remainder of the fiscal year.

Admiral Dewey's cipher report is voluminous, and will not be ready for publication for several hours.

LATER.

Vice President Hobart says that Admiral Dewey's report is here. That Manila is taken, and that the American flag floats over the Phillipines.

Another Spy Captured.

By telegraph to the Observer.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—A Spanish spy was captured this morning tampering with the magazine of the St. Paul in Cramp's ship yard.

A Conjunction.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

KEY-WEST, May 4.—Capt. Sampson was advised this morning that a conjunction was to be effected immediately. The fleet sailed under fighting orders.

Planning Another Battle.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, May 4.—The strategy board is considering the course to pursue in reference to the Spanish fleet westward from Cape Verde. It must either be met on the high seas and annihilated, or we must seize Porto Rico throwing Spain's base of supplies across the Atlantic. It is understood that they decided on the latter course. A swift patrol has been established to notify our vessels and order our ships to meet and give battle. There is still nervousness over the possibilities of Spanish cruisers skirting our coast and doing damage, since Spain has despaired of coping with us in a face to face struggle. Many efforts have been made to satisfactorily account for the failure of the first detachment of troops to start to Cuba as per schedule. It is believed that the Government has changed its plans.

A British Yacht Attacked.

By cable to the Observer.

GIBRALTER, May 4.—A British yacht has been mobbed and stoned at Malaga, Spain, and driven out to sea.

The greater includes the less. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, and may be depended upon to cure boils and pimples

The First Volunteers for the Asiatic.

By telegradh to the Observer.)

San Francisco, May 4th.—The first volunteers for the occupation of Manila were mustered in today.

Liver Ills

Like billousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Cape Verde and Cadiz Fleets.

By cable to the Observer.)

LISBON, May 4.—It is reported here that the Cape Verde Squadron is to join the Cadiz fleet.

Spanish Gunboat Believed to be Sunk.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

TAMPA, FLA., May 4.—A Spanish gunboat is believed to be sunk and one of our torpedo boats damaged in a fight off Cienfuegos.

Still Closed.

By cable to the Observer.

London, May 4.—Inquiries at the Eastern telegraph company's office disclosed the fact that the Manila cable is still closed. The reported surrender is of course conjecture.

Ready to Invade Cuba.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Tampa, May 4.—Arrangements are completed for the embarkation of troops for the invasion of Cuba. The transports Florida, Olivette and Mascotte are prepared to sail. Enlistments of Cubans are increasing.

Hart to Be Liberated.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, May 4.—President McKinley announced to-day that he will soon liberate Hart, captain of the Filibusterer Laurada.

The Senate has agreed upon the conference report on the fortifications bill.

Ran the Blockade with $3,000,000.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Key West, May 4.—A special to the New York Journal says that three Spanish bankers ran the blockade with a schooner with three million dollars on board.

Spanish Volcano in Eruption.

By cable to the Observer.)

Gibraltar, May 4th.—The Spanish Minister of Colonies, Gen. Moret, and Gen. Martinesz Campos are reported assassinated.

Premier Sagasta has taken refuge in the British Embassy.

Riots are rampant in Madrid.

Brussels, May 4th.—Don Carlos is agitated by private telegrams from Madrid.

London, May 4.—Madrid dispatches discredit the Gibraltar reports.

Valencia, May 4.—Martial law has been proclaimed. Mounted police are dispersing the rioters.

MADRID, SPAIN, May 4.—Bread riots are reported throughout Spain and women are publicly clamoring for food. The police and troops are kept busy dispersing mobs. The outlook is revolutionary.

Transportation of Troops to Manila.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, May 4.—Instructions have been telegraphed to San Francisco to advertise for bids for the transportation of troops to Manila.

THE OREGON.

The Oregon will leave Rio today with the Marietta and Nitheroy, Secretary Long says every precaution has been taken to defend her against attack.

The Postmaster General has arranged for American post offices at the first Cuban ports seized.

President McKinley has decided to appoint a Military Governor at the Philippines.

The New York, Indiana and Iowa have been ordered to escort the Oregon.

Here is A Good Opportunity

—TO GET—

A Cool, Pretty Dress

—FOR NEARLY—

Half its Former Price.

One piece dotted swiss, linen color ground, small brown figure, only 15 cents.
One piece of same with blue figure, 15c.
One piece linen-color organdie, 15 cents.
One piece linen-color lappett, 15 cents.

These goods, with exception of the organdie, sold for 25 cents and for 15 cents. They are great bargains.

12 yards full nainsook, $1.69.

16½ yards good bleached sheeting, $1.00.

New line of ladies' ties, friaged ends, 50 and 25 cents.

New line of Thomson's ventilated corsets.

New line of black silk gloves.

Have you bought any of our marseilles at 10 cents? It is a great value for the money.

New goods every day. All goods sold for cash. Everything sold on the closest margins.

Cape Fear Dry Goods Co.

UNDERWEAR FOR MEN,

Ladies and Children.

Ladies' Vests,

5 to 50 cents.
Men's Undershirts, 20 cents to $1.00.
Children's Undershirts, 5 to 25c.
Men's Linen Drawers, 35 to 50 cents.
Scriven's Drawers, any size.

Summer Corsets,
Long, short and medium.

Parasols and Umbrellas.
We have a nice line of children's parasols at 25 cents.

Oxfords and Slippers
for ladies, children, &c.

Tan Shoes.
Another line just received for men, $1.50 to $3 00.
Ladies, $1 00 to $2.50.
Children, 35c. to $1.50.

Dress Goods
Organdies 10 to 40 cents.
Percals 8 to 12½ cents. Calicoes, all prices. Black Goods, all prices. Ducks, 10 cents, all shades.

HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.

BE GOOD TO YOURSELF and good to your friends. When you treat a friend to whiskey, give him the best. HARPER Whiskey is the beverage for your friends and for you.

SOLD IN
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FOR SALE.

One Fine Young Mule,
WELL BROKE.
A. E. RANKIN CO.
May 3—6tpd

For Sale.

A Turpentine Still, 14 barrels capacity, for sale. In fair condition.
Apply at OBSERVER OFFICE.

Notice.

Notice of the completion of the Cross Creek Stock Law District Fence Committee, signed by five freeholders of said district, having been filed in the office of the Register of Deeds, all parties within said district are hereby notified to confine all stock belonging to them within ten days from date hereof, as all stock in said district from said date will be subject to impoundment.

A. L. MCCASKILL,
Clerk Board of Commissioners,
Cumberland County.
Fayetteville, N. C., April 25, 1898.

NOTICE.

David Sessoms, Adm'r of D. T. Horne vs. D. J. Horne et al.

Sale of Lands to Raise Real Estate Assets for Payment of Debts.

By virtue of the power contained in a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County in the above entitled special proceeding the undersigned will, at the Court House door in the town of Fayetteville, on Tuesday, July the 5th, 1898, sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the land described in the petition filed in said cause, said land consisting of three tracts situated in Cedar Creek Township, near the town of Steadman, on the south side of Sandy Creek Also, at the same time, the undersigned will sell upon the same terms the reversionary interest in the dower lands of Emily Horne, widow of the late D. T. Horne, the sale of the said land being made for the purpose of raising real estate assets for the payment of debts.

DAVID SESSOMS,
Adm'r and Commissioner.
J. G. SHAW, Att'y.

We Have a Fine Stock of Ornamental Plants for Bedding.

Cannas.
The very finest in cultivation.

Tuberoses and Caladiums.
We are headquarters for

Chrysanthemums
We have the cream of this class of plants including the very latest, President Wm. McKinley.

Geraniums.
The finest collection ever offered in North Carolina.

Coleus.
Lots of them, and in first-class condition for present planting.

We are now ready to make Ornamental Beds at reasonable costs.

Plants are cheaper than ever before. Coleus, Verbenas, Alternantheria, Ageratam, Geraniums and other bedding plants at 5 cents each.

Roses.
A fine collection in pots. Can be planted safely any time this month.

Send for catalogue. Our city customers may use telephone 49.

SUNNYSIDE FLORAL NURSERY,
James M. Lamb, Proprietor.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
"THE PEACE MAKERS"

OBSERVER, 1898.
(In clipping leave on date.)

We Have Received a Car Load

Consisting of 121 BUCK'S Cooking Stoves and Ranges.

We are prepared to furnish these to reliable parties for CASH or on the installment plan.

They are THE BEST, as you can see by careful examination of the minutest details of their construction.

Come and See Them.

Look out for the children's BUCK'S Jr. Range contest. One to be given to the girl under 14 years of age, who gathers the most Buck trade mark advertisements cut from the town papers, between April 1st and May the 15th.

The other for the girl who makes the most English words from BUCK'S Trade Mark.

SEE CUT ABOVE.

This Contest Closes July 1st.

Huske Hardware House

I HAVE A FRESH SUPPLY
— OF —
GROCERIES,
— SUCH AS —
FLOUR, BACON, SUGAR,

And all other goods usually carried in a first-class Grocery.

— ALSO —

Hay, Oats, and Corn.

Call and examine my stock and save money by trading with me.

J. W. CARMON'S GROCERY.

Opposite Fire Department, and next door to Overbaugh House.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

We have a large stock of all grades of

MICHIGAN FLOUR

and we expect to keep this flour from now on.

Michigan Flours are the most reliable that can be had.

OUR FLOUR
—IS—
Guaranteed Absolutely Pure.

We can sell you a

Nice Buggy
very cheap for cash
or on time with good paper.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

CLOTHING!
CLOTHING!! CLOTHING!!!

CLOTHING FOR MEN,
CLOTHING FOR BOYS,
CLOTHING for Little Kids.

Clothing in regular sizes,
Clothing in extra sizes,
Clothing for short, stout men,
Clothing for tall, slim men,

—in fact, clothing to fit all sorts and conditions of men.

We sell the best clothing at prices usually asked for cheap clothing. We sell clothing that fits, clothing that keeps in shape, clothing that does not rip, clothing that does not fade. When you want reliable clothing and stylish clothing, ask for clothing made by Strouse & Bros, known as "HIGH ART CLOTHING" and sold only at the clothing store of

J. A. BURNS & CO.

While calling attention to our stock of clothing, we would simply mention the fact that we carry the most complete lines of

Hats and Caps, Shirts and Underwear,

Collars and Cuffs, Neckwear and Suspenders, Socks and Handerchiefs, Notions and Jewelry, Umbrellas and MEN'S FINE SHOES.

We are manufacturers' agents for the Sweet, Orr & Co.'s

Overalls and Workingmen's Shirts.

We are in the lead and intend to stay there. Can't afford to be undersold.

Will make it to your interest to buy your clothing, Hats and all goods in this line from

Yours truly,
J. A. BURNS & CO.,
Thornton Block, Fayetteville, N. C.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Lumber and Building Material
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand,
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements
OF ALL KINDS,
Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.
PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.
Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.
Yours Respectfully,
WALTER WATSON.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company,
DUNN, N. C.

The Cheapest Place to buy your Hardware and Furniture

We have just bought a BANKRUPT STOCK and have bargains to offer Will give you just a few below to let you know that we mean business.

250 Boy Dixie Plows at 88c.
100 No. 7 OK Cook Stoves $7.00.
500 Kegs of Nails $1.70.

We carry a complete line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Asbestos, Guns, Soapstones. Toe Packing, Mill and Engine supplies, and will sell you for less money than you can buy South of Dixon Line.

Give us a chance and you will be our customer.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company
HALLIDAY & PRIVETT.

The South Side Carriers
For Strawberries, Peaches, Grapes, Peas, Beans, &c.,

with all the latest ideas in shipping packages. Send for illustrated descriptive catalogue and prices.

SOUTH SIDE MF'G CO.,
Petersburg, Va.
A. S. Huske, Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

EUROPE HAS TROUBLES ENOUGH OF HER OWN, washing her soiled linen, without interfering in our little scrap. You will find you have troubles enough of your own, too, if you take your soiled linen to a poor laundry. Be on the safe side and bring it here, where we take special pains to render it beautiful in color and perfect in finish.

LEDBETTER BROS.,
Fayetteville Steam Laundry.
'Phone 42.

Doctors' Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Cure all Liver Troubles.

Attempt to Break Jail.

The county jailor Friday found a big iron-bar in the jail which had evidently been procured by some one climbing up from the outside to the second story of the building and passing it through the bars. There was no doubt a plot on the part of some prisoners to escape.

Sugar Beat Culture.

Mr. N. H. Smith has been corresponding with the Agricultural Department, with the view of interesting our farmers in sugar beat growing. As a result he has received a quantity of seed from the government, which he has left at Horne's drug store for free distribution to our planters.

Affirmed.

The Supreme Court last week affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of Malloy vs. Fayetteville.

Mr. Malloy it will be remembered sued the town for damages by being injured through his horse backing into an unbridged ditch on Mumford street. He secures fifty dollars and the city pays the cost.

The Stock Law May 4th.

We learn that the Cross Creek stock law fence has been completed and gates closed, and all stock found in such territory running at large after Wednesday, May 4th, 1898, will be taken up.

This fence is seventeen miles long and includes many valuable farms, and we hope will be of great benefit to the farmers living in said territory.

The Observer in South Carolina.

Mr. E. L. Remsburg returned Friday night from Bennettsville, where he has been erecting marble work.

Mr. Remsburg says that the South Carolinians watch eagerly for the coming every evening of the little OBSERVER, and that they say it is the most reliable as well as the latest news they can obtain.

Death of Sol. C. Weill.

Mr. Sol. C. Weill, formerly of Wilmington, died in New York City Thursday. He was a young man of exceptional brilliancy, and his talents had already been recognized in that great city, though his residence there covered but a year or two.

Democratic Precinct Conventions.

The County Committee having issued its call for the County Convention to be held in Fayetteville on the 7th day of May, 1898, the Democratic voters of Cross Creek township, are hereby called to meet in their various precincts on Thursday night, May 5th, 1898, at 8:30 o'clock, at the following places:

First Precinct—At the Martin House on Bow street, W. H. Powell, Chairman.

Second Precinct—At the Flour Warehouse, A. B. Williams, Chairman.

Third Precinct — At the Market House, H. L. Cook, Chairman.

Fourth Precinct—At Headquarters Fire Department, Green street, J. D. McNeill, Chairman.

The above meetings are for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention, and to elect an executive committee for each precinct.

All citizens who are in favor of Democratic principles and who are willing to support its candidates are invited to attend and participate. By order of the Committee.

April 29, 1898.

The 3rd District Congressional Committee.

A meeting of the Democratic Congressional Committee of the 3rd Congressional District is hereby called to meet in Fayetteville, N. C., on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18TH, 1898,

to name the time and place of holding the Congressional Convention and the transaction of any other business that may properly come before it.

By order of the chairman.

JOHN UNDERWOOD, Sec'y.

☞ Other papers in the District will please copy.

Red Springs Municipal Convention.

RED SPRINGS, N. C.,
April 30, 1898.

At a town meeting held last night, Mayor Pearsall acting as chairman and D. R. McIver as secretary, Col. H. McMillan stated the object of the meeting and made nominations. Several others made nominations. Some of those nominated for aldermen withdrew. After balloting the following were nominated unanimously:

For Mayor—A. B. Pearsall.

For Aldermen—W. F. Williams, J. T. McNeill, Lucius McRae, B. W. Townsend and Peter McQueen.

Messrs. Pearsall and Williams are at present serving the people. We have had a good board during the past year, but people wished to have different sections of the town represented.

Thirty-five years make a generation. That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. KING BROS.

Preparing for War.

In preparing for war Congress will use all efforts to reduce suffering in the East and North. The South does not need their help in that line. We have Rice's Goose Grease. That cures all forms of rheumatism, gout, croup, coughs and colds. Sold by all druggists and general stores. Always guaranteed.—Adv't.

MAYOR W. S. COOK RE-NOMINATED

B. R. Huske, A. E. Rankin and J. A. King Our Financial Board.

The Democratic Municipal Convention assembled in the Court House Wednesday night, and a fine body of men it proved to be, some 315 strong, all sturdy Democrats.

Mr. Colin MacRae, Chairman of the Municipal Executive Committee, called the Convention to order, and named Capt. B. C. Gorham, chairman, and Messrs. D. T. Oates and Louis B. Hale, secretaries, as the temporary organization.

Upon motion the temporary was made the permanent organization, and the convention proceeded to business.

Mr. Leighton Huske moved that the nomination of a Mayor be proceeded with, and this was unanimously adopted.

Thereupon Mr. J. D. McNeill stepped forward and put himself in nomination in a short and well delivered speech.

Dr. J. W. McNeill nominated Col. W. S. Cook in eloquent terms; Mr. W L. Hawley seconded the nomination of Col. Cook.

Maj. W. F. Campbell seconded the nomination of Mr. McNeill, making a stirring appeal to the convention. Messrs. Claud Haigh and Walter MacRae also seconded the nomination of Mr. McNeill.

Mr. Robt. Strange nominated Mr. Chas. Glover and some one nominated Mr. Isaac Clark, but both these gentlemen premptorily declined.

With but two names, Messrs. Cook and McNeill before the convention, balloting was commenced.

Dr. McNeill and Maj. Campbell were appointed tellers, and Messrs. J. B Underwood and J. G. Hollingsworth assistants. The voters filed before the tellers in a most orderly manner, and deposited their votes, and as the last man dropped his ballot the checking teller called 315.

The tellers retired to a private room to count the votes, and the convention proceeded to nominate a Board of Audit and Finance.

Mr. J. G. Shaw moved that the three names receiving the highest vote be nominees, and this was adopted.

Mr. Jno. Underwood nominated Messrs. B. R. Huske, A. E. Rankin and J. A. King. Mr. W. L. Hawley nominated Messrs. W. H. Powell, A. E. Rankin and D. H. Ray.

Mr. John Roddick seconded the nomination of Messrs Powell, Rankin and Ray.

Mr. J. G. Shaw nominated Messrs. A. B. Williams, H. R. Horne and R. McMillan. All three of these gentlemen declined to allow their names to be used.

Messrs. W. L. Hawley, H. L. Cook, Leighton Huske and C. J. Ahearn were appointed tellers, and the balloting commenced, with the following names before the convention:

B. R. Huske, A. E. Rankin, J. A. King, D. H. Ray and W. H. Powell.

During the counting of the votes the Ward nominations for Aldermen were ratified by acclamation. They are:

First Ward—W. L. Hawley and T. H. Maultsby.

Second Ward—B. R. Taylor and R. L. Holland.

Third Ward—C. B. McMillan and R. G. Haigh.

Fourth Ward—Col. Pemberton and J. F. Johnson.

Fifth Ward—A. A. McKethan and J. G. Hollingsworth.

Sixth Ward—W. F. Campbell and I. W. Clark.

Seventh Ward—J. W. Johnson and J. B. Underwood.

At this point Maj. Campbell came into the hall and handed the Chairman a slip of paper containing the vote for Mayor. The Chairman read:

205 for Cook, 110 for McNeill.

A demonstration followed, and there were loud calls for Cook. The Mayor came forward and thanked the convention in a neat speech.

Maj. Campbell and Mr. McNeill both moved that the nomination be made unanimous, and this was carried with a vim.

The Board of Audit and Finance tellers then presented the following as the result of their count:

B. R. Huske, 149; A. E. Rankin, 177; J. A. King, 134; D. H. Ray, 42; W. H. Powell, 44; C. Haigh, 3; H. R. Horne, 21; A. B. Williams, 19; R. McMillan, 20; Jno. Maultsby, 1; Jas. Atkinson, 1; M. Folb, 1; J. D. McNeill, 1; scattering, 1.

The three first were declared the nominees, and at 10:30 o'clock the convention adjourned.

The Cost of War.

While the cost of war should not forbid us to resort to that expedient in order to maintain the cause of justice and humanity, still the matter calls for some attention just at this time.

Since our first struggle with Great Britain, in 1776, we have expended in warfare the round sum of $10,000,000,000. The revolutionary war cost us $135,193 703 and 30,000 lives; the war of 1812 $107,159 000 and 2,000 lives; the Mexican war $74,000,000 and 2,000 lives; the Indian wars and other minor wars $1,000,000,000 and 49,000 lives, and the war between the States $8,500,000,000 and 544 000 lives. In this last struggle is included the loss entailed upon both sides.

Seven of the principal wars which Great Britain has waged in modern times have cost as follows: The revolution of 1688, $180 000 000; the Spanish succession, $310,000,000; the seven years war, $560 000,000; the Spanish war, $270.000.000; the American revolution, $710,000,000; the Napoleonic wars. $8 015,000,000, and the Crimean war, $350,000,000.

War at the present time is calculated to be more destructive than ever, but still the demands of justice and humanity must be met.

Children like it, it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. KING BROS.

A Full Account of the Bombardment of Matanzas.

By cable to the Observer.

On Board the Flagship New York off Cuba, April 28.—Captain Sampson yesterday bombarded and silenced, and pretty well destroyed the Spanish batteries in position, and in course of construction at the entrance to the harbor of Matanzas with the New York, the monitor Puritan and the cruiser Cincinnati. The Spanish gunnery was wild. They failed to strike one of the American ships. While the boats were reconnoitering with the purpose of locating and destroying the formidable defences being constructed, the flagship was fired on by the batteries of Pinte Rubalcaya and Pinte Maya, guarding the entrance to the harbor, The New York replied with her forward eight inch gun under her boome. She steamed boldly between the batteries, and fired a broadside. The Puritan steamed behind the New York and engaged the fortifications on the pinte Maya, while the New York went starboard, and when close up to the land she poured shells into Pinte Rubalcaya. The Cincinnati remaining astern under orders, signalled for permission to engage, and received it. She soon was firing guns at the fort on the west side of the bay. The batteries fired explosive shells and most of them fell wide of the mark. One burst just beyond the New York, and a sharpnel exploded above her. The three ships silenced the forts in eighteen minutes. The last shot fired came from Pinte Rubalcaya. The Puritan replied with one of her twelve inch guns. The shell struck the battery with wonderful accuracy, and blew up a portion of the works.

After waiting for the Spanish forts to renew the engagement the ships withdrew, leaving the forts in ruins. When Captain Sampson left the cruising ground yesterday to visit Matanzas and Cardenas, he made up his mind that something had to be done with the very aggressive Spanish artillerymen manning the batteries out that way. They had twice fired on the torpedo boat Foote, and were busy erecting fortifications and placing guns. At Matanzas the New York found the Puritan and the Cincinnati blockading the port. Captain Sampson decided to make a reconnoisance there for the purpose of locating the batteries. After discovering the kind of guns being mounted, he decided to stop the fortifyng. The New York led the way, the Puritan a few hundred yards behind, and the Cincinnati behind and at slightly a greater distance. The firing soon became general. The marksmanship of our gunners was perfect. Though a long distance, about four thousand yards between the boats and the batteries, nearly all the shells fell within the fortifications. The New York reduced the range to three thousand yards and tossed three shells a minute into Rubalcaya.

The Cincinnati steamed with broadsides on and began to let fly. The best shot was made by the monitor Puritan which struck square, a gun of the battery and doing great destruction. The New York then returned to her blockade, leaving the Puritan and Cincinnati guarding the Matanzas blockade. The ships fired eighty-six shots, while the forts fired about twenty-five. The conclusion drawn from the result is that Havana is absolutely at the mercy of the fleet. The loss of life on the shore is supposed to be heavy.

Robert G. Ingersoll's Eloquent Words Over a Dead Master of Music.

Anton Seidl, who died last week and was buried from the Metropolitan opera house, New York, of which he was the strength and the hope and the glory, had no more beautiful tribute to his virtues and victories than that which Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll sent by wire from Wheeling, West Virginia, and which was read by a sympathetic friend over the coffin of the great musician and master.

"Bob" Ingersoll's words were as follows, and all who knew of the noble man in whose honor they were spoken will feel a responsive chord vibrate:

"All moods were his. Delicate as the perfume of the first violet, wild as the storm, he knew the music of all sounds from the rustle of the leaves and the whispers of hidden springs to the noises of the sea. He was the master of music, from the rythmal strains of irrepressible joy to the sobs of the funeral march. He stood like a king with his sceptre in his hand and we knew that every tone and harmony was in his brain, every passion in his heart, and yet his sculptured face was as calm and serene as perfect art.

"He mingled his soul with the music and gave his heart to the enchanted air. He appeared to have no limitations, no walls, no chains. He seemed to follow the pathway of desire, and with him the marvelous melodies, the sublime harmonies, were as free as eagles above the clouds, with outstretched wings.

"He was educated, refined, and gave unspeakable joy to many thousands of his fellow men. He added to the grace and glory of life. He spoke a language deeper, more poetic than words, the language of the perfect, the language of love, of death.

"But he is voiceless now. A fountain of harmony is closed. Its inspired streams have died away in the night and all its murmuring melodies are strangely still. We will mourn for him, we will honor him, not in words, but in the language that he used.

"Anton Seidl dead! Play the great funeral march. Envelop him in music. Let its wailing waves cover him. Let its wild and mournful winds sigh and mourn above him. Give his face to its kisses and its tears.

"Play the great funeral march, music as profound as death, that will express our sorrow. That will voice our love, our loss, our hope, and that will tell of the life, the genius, the triumphs and the death of Anton Seidl."

It is a great leap from the old-fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and billiousness. King Bros.

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper.

THE SITUATION.

The Attitude of the Powers

All the great Powers have declared neutrality in the war between the United States and Spain except Germany and Austria. It is now rumored that the latter country may openly ally herself with Spain.

Dispatches announce that Manilla, the capitol of the Phillipines, Spain's possession in the Asiatic, may be attacked by the American Fleet under Admiral Dewey at any hour, and her fall is considered certain.

No news has been heard of the Montgomery and her convoy, the Panther, which left Norfolk several days ago for Key West, There are grave fears that they have met disaster.

It is given out, officially, that troops are to be rushed to Tampa for the purpose of an early invasion of Cuba.

Generals Fitzhugh Lee and Joseph Wheeler, the latter the famous Confederate Commander, are to be made Major Generals of Volunteers, it is officially announced.

Gov. Atkinson, of Georgia, has volunteered his services to the President. If accepted he will resign the Governorship.

It is announced that Spanish spies are in the south for the purpose of wrecking trains bearing soldiers.

English Do Not Sympathise With Spain.

The report that English sentiment is changing in favor of Spain is denied and the newspapers of that country still praise our action. A dispatch from London this morning says that the English weeklies, with but one exception, the Saturday Review, continue to favor the United States. On the other hand, the continental nations all sympathize with Spain more or less.

The Moscow correspondent of the Standard says:

"Public opinion in Russia so far as is expressed, sympathizes with Spain. A part from admiration of the courage that ventures upon a conflict with an overwhelming antagonist, Russia has received a severe blow in the suspected friendly agreement between the United States and England.

The Berlin correspondent of the Standard says:

Prince Bismark thinks that Germany must abstain from interference in the conflict of the United States and Spain as long as possible, but that she must must interfere instantly and most energetically the moment her interest demand the interference. Therefore he thinks Germany ought not to bind her hands by neutrality declarations.

The departure of the Spanish fleet from Cape Verde is regarded in London as the first really important news of the war.

Bombardment of Port Cabanas.

By telegraph to the Observer.

KEY WEST, April 30.—Capt. Sampson, with the flagship New York, this morning shelled the fortifications at Port-Cabanas, thirty-five miles west of Havana. The Port-Cabanas fort had fired on the torpedo boats Ericcson and Porter. In fifteen minutes the fort was a mass of ruins.

The firing of Port Cabanas on the flagship New York had no effect except to draw from the latter eleven retaliatory shots from her eight inch guns amidship. Seven shots fell precisely where intended. As far as was discernable from aboard, the fortifications were completely destroyed. Several are supposed to have been killed.

Don't Invite Sickness

Which is better, to thoroughly cleanse and purify the blood just now, or make yourself liable to the many dangerous ailments which are so prevalent during summer? Impurities have been accumulating in the blood all winter, and right now is the time to get rid of them. A thorough course of Swift's Specific is needed to cleanse the blood and purify the system, toning up and strengthening it all over. Those who take this precaution now are comparatively safe all summer; but to neglect it is to invite some form of sickness which is so common during the trying hot season. It is now that a course of Swift's Specific

S.S.S. For The Blood

will accomplish so much toward rendering the system capable of resisting the evil influences which are so liable to attack it during the summer when sickness is so abundant. It is the best tonic and system-builder on the market, because it is a real blood remedy and is made solely to search out and remove all impurities, and supply an abundance of pure, rich and red blood. S. S. S. is made exclusively of roots and herbs, and is Nature's own remedy. It is purely vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no potash, mercury or other mineral. Be sure to get S. S. S. There is nothing half as good.

Purify the Blood

The Formation of the Army.

The Washington Post says:

In answer to numerous inquiries relative to the formation of the volunteer army, The Post states the maximum number in each company is fifty-nine, and of non-commissioned officers is twenty-two, making a total of eighty-one. There are four companies in a battalion, and four battalions in a regiment. There will be 104 regiments, thirty-four brigades, eleven divisions and three army corps.

"Chairman Jones, of the National Executive Committee, has addressed a letter to the chairmen of the county committees in this State urging them to see to it that delegates be sent to the State convention that will favor fusion with Butler. Butler and Jones have fixed things, but the Democrats are to be heard from later."

The above is not taken from an anti-organization Democratic paper, as the reader would suppose, but from a Republican. In fact, it is difficult to distinguish between the two kinds now.

The Situation in Cuba.

Atlanta Constitution.

Some well-informed writer in the New York Tribune contributes to the belligerent literature of the hour what is perhaps the most thorough and comprehensive review of the situation in Cuba which has yet made its appearance in print.

This writer states that the two eastern provinces of Cuba, viz Santiago de Cuba and Puerto Principe, both of which are absolutely under control of the insurgents, comprise in area nearly one half of the entire island, although possessing only one fifth of its population.

Quoting from the last official census returns, the writer states that the population of Santiago de Cuba aggregates 272,319 inhabitants, of whom 157,980 are whites, and that the population of Puerto Principe aggregates 67,798 inhabitants, of whom 52,232 are whites. In each of these provinces, the writer informs us, there exist Spanish garrisons, but they are supplied from other parts of the island and do not amount to much. None of the ports which the president in his recent proclamation has declared to be blockaded are in either Santiago de Cuba or Puerto Principe.

We learn from this same writer that the only port blockaded on the southern shore of the island is Cienfuegos, in the province of Santa Clara, which, with the exception of Havana province, is the most populous in Cuba, containing 354,122 inhabitants, of whom 244,345 are whites. Bahia Honda, in Pinar del Rio province, is the only port blockaded on the western shore of the island. Both Santa Clara and Pinar del Rio are partially under the control of the insurgents.

The provinces of Havana and Matanzas are the only provinces in Cuba which are held by Spain under fairly safe control. While these provinces cover in length only about 140 miles of the narrowest part of the island, the writer states that they contain nearly one-half of the entire population of the island. Havana province contains 451,928 inhabitants, of whom 344,417 are whites, and Mantanzas province contains 259,570 inhabitants, of whom 167,106 are whites. The ports of Havana and Cardenas are the main ports of these two provinces respectively, and both are securely blockaded by American vessels.

The writer states that in spite of the strong hold which Spain has upon the provinces of Havana and Mantanzas, she could not retain these provinces for one day were it not for her possession of Havana and Cardenas ports. With respect to the plan of landing troops in these provinces for the purpose of aiding the insurgents the writer states that on account of the fortifications at Havana it is folly to attempt to land them at that point, but that at Cardenas, where the fortifications are rather light, secure entrance can be effected without much difficulty. Cardenas is on the northern shore of Cuba midway between the eastern and western borders of Matanzas and is the terminus of two railways. If troops are landed at Cardenas the writer believes that Spain's power in the provinces of Havana and Matanzas will be shortly over thrown.

Miss Baldwin, of Rockingham, is visiting the Misses Gaster on Maiden Lane.

CURES TO STAY CURED.

Thousands of voluntary certificates received during the past fifteen years, certify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) will cure to stay cured, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores, Blotches, and the most malignant blood and skin diseases. Botanic Blood Balm is the result of forty years experience of an eminent, scientific and conscientious physician. Send stamp for book of wonderful cures, and learn which is the best remedy. Beware of substitutes said to be "just as good" and buy the long-tested and old reliable Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) Price only $1. 00 per large bottle.

EFFECTED AN ENTIRE CURE.

For over two years I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism, affecting both shoulders to such an extent that I could not put my coat on without help. The use of six bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) effected an entire cure I refer to Rev. W. W. Wadsworth, proprietor Coweta Advertiser, and to all merchants of Newnan.

JACOB F. SPONCLER,
For sale by Druggists. Newnan, Ga.

RICH BLOOD.

This woman is a picture of perfect health. Her existence is not made miserable by Shattered Nerves, Wasting Irregularities, Dyspepsia, the Blues, or any of the manifold derangements caused by weak or impure blood. She is full of life and ambition. She is handsome. She is happy. Rich blood coursing through her veins maintains her magnificent womanhood, warding off the innumerable diseases to which a weaker woman would be susceptible.

Miss Alice Hastings, Savannah, Ga., says she was suffering all the torture of a terrible case of scrofula, and no relief could be obtained until P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, was tried; the result was a complete cure.

P. P. P. (LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY) is the ideal medicine for women. Its use insures health and the substantial attractiveness which health alone can bestow. P. P. P. is the greatest Blood Purifier known to medical science, curing all Scrofulous Affections, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Malaria and Nervous Derangements.

P. P. P. is sold by all druggists. $1 a bottle; six bottles, $5.

LIPPMAN BROTHERS, PROPRIETORS, LIPPMAN BLOCK, Savannah, Ga.

Seventh Judicial District Convention.

There will be a convention of the Democratic voters of the Seventh Judicial District held in the town of Rockingham, in said district, on the 19th day of May, 1898, at 12 o'clock m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for Judge and Solicitor and for such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

By order of the Executive Committee.

J. C. BLACK,
Chairman.

Carthage, N. C., April 16, 1898.

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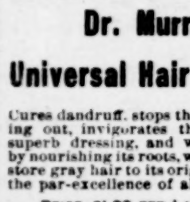
Sole Southern Dealer, Atlanta, Ga.
F. R. ROSE, Agent,
Fayetteville, N. C.
(Menton this paper.)



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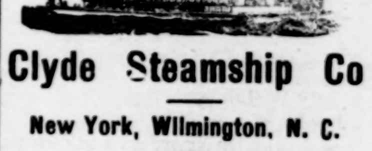

Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
—AND—
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

ONEIDA.................. Saturday, April 23
CROATAN.................Saturday, April 30

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK

CROATAN.................. Saturday, April 23
ONEIDA.....................Saturday, April 30

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

ONEIDA..................... Tuesday, April 26

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G EGER, T. M., Bowling Green N. Y.

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A portable Engine and Boiler—8 horse power, in excellent condition Apply to

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"Iron Mountain Route."

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Solid Trains.

"No Changes."

Free reclining chairs. Write for maps, books, etc. I will take pleasure in calling on you in person and assist you in getting off in good shape. We are the short line to all points west, and the only line to Hot Springs, Ark.

I. E REHLANDER,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
No. 103 Read House,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator on the estate of Philip H. Biggs, dec'd, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same duly authenticated on or before the 19th day of March, 1899, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment.

I. A. MURCHISON.
March 18, 1898. Administrator.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, as administrator of M. Faulk, deceased, I will sell at the Court House in Fayetteville on Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1898, that valuable plantation on the West side of the Wilmington road about three miles from Fayetteville, and known as the "Smith place;" containing about one hundred and thirty acres. Terms, one-half cash, balance in three months. Title reserved until purchase money is paid.

J. H. MARSH, Administrator.
March 28, 1898.

North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In Probate Court.

David Sessoms, Admr., of D. T. Horne, dec'd, vs. L. A. Sessoms et al.—Notice.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Probate Court of Cumberland County, to sell a certain parcel of land situated in Cedar Creek Township in said county, for the purpose of making assets to pay debts; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court, for said county on the 2nd day of May, 1898, at the court house of said county, in Fayetteville, N. C., and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.
J. G. SHAW, Att'y.
This March 26th, 1898. (oaw) 6 times.

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by James Douglas and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book Z, No. 4, page 241, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: All that tract of land situated in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, in Fayetteville, bounded as follows: On the east side of Blount's Creek, beginning at a stake, the corner in Hawley's line and running thence north 1 chain 4 links to a stake in the edge of a street, the corner; thence as said street east 2 chains 30 links to Hawley's line; thence with it S. 2° W. 1 chain 10 links to Hawley's other line or corner; thence direct to the beginning, being the same lot as was conveyed to said James Douglas by J. M. Rose, President of Blount's Creek Manufacturing Company, dated July 22nd, 1897, now duly filed for registration.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of Sale: 12 M., Monday, May 2nd, 1898.

Terms of Sale: Cash

N. A. SINCLAIR,
March 31, '98. Att'y for Mortgagee.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of Mortgage, executed by J. M. Goddard and wife, which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Cumberland county, in book A, No. 5, page 197, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: A house and lot in Fayetteville, N. C., described as follows:

Beginning at a stake, corner Hillsboro and Moore street, in Fayetteville, N. C.; thence with the east edge of Hillsboro street 3 chains and 35 links to a stake, the corner of William Overby lot; thence with his line South 71 east 2 chains 50 links to a stake, corner of E. Fuller's lot; thence south 4 west 3 chains 42½ links to Moore street; thence with the north edge of Moore street to the beginning; excepting, however, from the above, the lot of land heretofore sold by the parties of the first part, beginning at the corner of Hillsboro and Moore street, and runs thence south 65° 31′ east 70 feet 9 inches to a stake, the corner; thence north 16 east 61½ feet to the well, the corner; thence north 6 east 159 feet to a stake, the corner; thence north 68° 31′ west 91 feet to a stake, the corner; thence south 3° 31′ west 221 feet to the beginning. Said lot excepted from the operation of this deed being 40-100 of an acre.

Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale, Thursday, May 12, 1898, 12 M.

Terms of sale, cash.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

April 9, 1898.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by Thos. H. Williams and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county, in book W, No 4, page 245, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: The following piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the northeast corner of a lot given by Alex. Williams to Alice Hall, running thence S. 10½ W. 190 feet to a stone; thence S. 82½ E., an easterly variation of 2½ degrees allowed, 44 feet to a stone; thence north 190 feet to a stone; thence westwardly up Person street to the beginning.

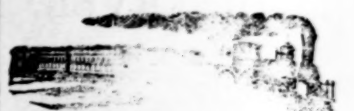
Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale: 12 M., Monday, May 2nd, 1898.

Terms of sale: Cash.

This March 31st, 1898.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.



C. F. & Y. V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

In Effect April 10th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND	No. 2 Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,	12 10 p m
Leave Fayetteville,	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	12 25 "
Leave Sanford,	1 48 "
Leave Climax,	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro,	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND	No. 1 Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall,	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro,	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro,	12 17 p m
Leave Climax,	12 45 "
Leave Sanford,	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	9 02 "
Leave Maxton,	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills,	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs,	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton,	6 11 "
Leave Maxton,	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 1 Mixed Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6 40 a m
Leave Climax,	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro,	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 07 "
Arrive Madison,	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale,	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro,	2 45 "
Leave Climax,	3 20 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, General Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED April 10, 1898.	No 23, Daily.	No 35, Daily.	No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday.	No 41, Daily.	No 49, Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Leave Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Leave Tarboro	12 38		6 00		
Lv Rocky Mt,	1 15	10 36	6 45	5 40	1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16	7 19	6 22	2 37
Leave Selma	3 15	......			
Lv Fayetteville	4 45	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	......	......	8 00	......	......
Lv Goldsboro	......	......		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	......	......		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	......	......		9 30	5 50
			P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday.	No 32, Daily	No 40 Daily,	No 48, Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 48		8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	12 18		10 19		
Leave Selma	1 47				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		12 09		
		A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 30
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10 46
Lv Goldsboro		5 00		10 10	12 05
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	2 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 49		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8 10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10 00 A M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manager

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